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AGENDA

Committee	LICENSING COMMITTEE
Date and Time of Meeting	WEDNESDAY, 25 OCTOBER 2023, 11.00 AM
Venue	COMMITTEE ROOM 4 - COUNTY HALL
Membership	Councillor Michael (Chair) Councillors Kaaba, Driscoll, Bowen-Thomson, Ferguson-Thorne, Gibson, Gunter, Jenkins, Lancaster, Palmer, Sattar and Shimmin

1 **Apologies for Absence**

To receive apologies for absence.

2 **Declarations of Interest**

To be made at the start of the agenda item in question, in accordance with the Members' Code of Conduct.

3 **Minutes** (*Pages 3 - 4*)

To approve as a correct record the minutes of the previous meeting.

4 **Licensing Act 2003 - Review of Cardiff Council's Cumulative Impact Assessment** (*Pages 5 - 116*)

5 **Urgent Items (if any)**

Davina Fiore
Director Governance & Legal Services

Date: Thursday, 19 October 2023

Contact: Graham Porter,
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LICENSING COMMITTEE

30 NOVEMBER 2021

Present: Councillor Mackie(Chairperson)
Councillors Sattar, Derbyshire, Ford, Kelloway, Lancaster and Wood

1 : APOLOGIES FOR ABSENCE

Apologies were received from Councillors Goddard and Jacobsen.

2 : DECLARATIONS OF INTEREST

No declarations of interest were received.

3 : MINUTES

The minutes of the meetings held on 1 September 2020 and 10 September 2020 were approved by the Committee as a correct record.

4 : REVIEW OF STATEMENT OF GAMBLING ACT POLICY

The Committee received a report seeking approval to renew the authority's Statement of Gambling Licensing Policy following a statutory consultation.

Members were advised that under the Gambling Act 2005 Licensing Authorities have to publish a statement of Licensing Policy which sets out the principles that it proposes to apply when exercising its functions. The policy must be determined for a 3-year period. The current policy was adopted and published in January 2019. The Gambling Commission provides guidance to local authorities and this guidance has been relied upon in reviewing the existing policy.

A public consultation exercise was undertaken and views on the policy were requested. The Statement of Gambling Licensing Policy was revised to reflect some of the comments received. Details of the comments received and the amendments made as a result of the consultation exercise were set out in the report.

The Committee debated the revised document. Members raised concerns regarding the removal of a bullet point in section 5.3 of the policy that aimed to provide additional consideration to the protection to vulnerable adults when risk assessments for Gambling Premises are undertaken. Members formed a view that this particular section should remain in the Policy.

RESOLVED – That the amended Statement of Gambling Licensing Policy be approved for ratification by Council, subject to the retention of the following bullet point in Section 5.3 – Risk Assessments – Gambling Premises:

“Gambling trends that may mirror days for financial payments such as pay days or benefit payments”

5 : AUTHORISATION OF OFFICERS AND DELEGATIONS

The Committee received a report seeking the Committee's approval to update officer authorisation and delegations as a result of changes in post designations within Cardiff Council and Shared Regulatory Services in order to ensure that officers have the appropriate formal authorisation to act on the Council's behalf.

In the interests of effective performance it was proposed to delegate the responsibility for authorising officers to administer the requirements of the Licensing Act 2003 and Gambling Act 2005, and the instituting of legal proceedings under those Acts to the following officers:

- Assistant Director - Street Scene
- Head of Shared Regulatory Services
- Operational Manager - Neighbourhood Services

The officers would be authorised to approve and refuse Temporary Event Notices; to issue, refuse, suspend Licences, registrations, certificates, permits and notices; to institute legal proceedings; to implement the relevant provisions in respect of offences or other requirements; pursuant to any of the rules, regulations and/or Orders made under the Licensing Act 2003 and the Gambling Act 2005 as amended. The legislation sets out those circumstances where officers may not undertake decisions.

RESOLVED – That the Committee authorises the Assistant Director (Street Scene), the Head of Shared Regulatory Services and the Operational Manager (Neighbourhood Services) to act under, and to authorise officers to administer, the requirements of the Licensing Act 2003 and Gambling Act 2005 as identified in paragraph 2.2 of the report and to institute any necessary legal proceedings.

6 : URGENT ITEMS (IF ANY)

No urgent items were received.

The meeting terminated at 10.30 am

**CARDIFF COUNCIL
CYNGOR CAERDYDD**

Agenda No.

LICENSING COMMITTEE:

Report of the Head of Shared Regulatory Services

**LICENSING ACT 2003 – REVIEW OF CARDIFF COUNCIL’S CUMULATIVE
IMPACT ASSESSMENT**

1. Background

- 1.1 In accordance with Section 5A of the Licensing Act 2003 the Licensing Authority may publish a Cumulative Impact Assessment (CIA) to help limit the number or types of licence applications granted in areas where there is evidence to show that the number or density of licensed premises in the area is having a cumulative impact and leading to problems which are undermining the licensing objectives.

CIA's relate to applications for new premises licences, new club premises certificates as well as applications to vary existing premises licences and club premises certificates in a specified area.

- 1.2 Once a CIA has been introduced it must be reviewed every three years, if the licensing authority remains of the opinion that a CIA is required then they must publish a statement to that effect and set out the evidence why they are of that opinion.
- 1.3 A CIA is required to be reviewed on a three-year basis in consultation with:
- Chief Officer of Police for the area
 - Fire and Rescue Authority for the area
 - Local Health Board in Wales for an area any part of which is in the licensing authority's area
 - Persons/bodies representative of local premises licence holders
 - Persons/bodies representative of local club premises certificate holders
 - Persons/bodies representative of local personal licence holders
 - Persons/bodies representative of businesses and residents in its area
- 1.4 Cardiff Council last published its CIA in 2020 and therefore the policy is due for renewal at the end of 2023.

- 1.5 The Local Authority is also required to summarise the CIA in the Council's Statement of Licensing Policy (SLP) and therefore any amendments to the CIA would subsequently need to be updated in the SLP.
- 1.6 The purpose of this report is to approve the draft CIA (**Annex A**) for wider consultation with the statutory consultees listed in 1.3 above.

2. Cumulative Impact Assessment (CIA)

- 2.1 An extensive review of the current cumulative impact assessment has been conducted after receiving evidence from relevant Responsible Authorities and other agencies. The review concluded that there remains large amounts of crime and disorder throughout the city centre area which is linked to the presence of licensed premises.
- 2.2 The proposed assessment document continues to recognise that not all types of licensed premises contribute to crime and disorder in the city centre and therefore certain types of premises such as hotels, cinemas and restaurants (with restrictions) are proposed to be excluded from the CIA.

Evidence continues to suggest that licensable activities at bars/night-clubs, off-licences and fast-food takeaways offering late night refreshment do contribute to the problems in the City Centre.

- 2.3 Following the review of all relevant data, it is proposed that other than administrative amendments, the following changes should be made to the CIA:
 - a) Page 4, under the heading "Pubs/bars/nightclubs". The evidence relied upon has been updated and discussed. This evidence includes:
 - Report on Community Safety Issues Within Cardiff City Centre During the Night-Time Economy
 - Police Data and Statements
 - Street Pastor Reports
 - Noise Complaints
 - Local Health Board Data
 - b) Page 7, under the heading "Off-Licences/Convenience Stores". The evidence from the Police has been updated and discussed.
 - c) Page 8, under the heading "Takeaways/fast food outlets". The evidence from the Police has been updated and discussed.

d) Page 10, under the heading “Consideration of other initiatives and partnership working”. A paragraph detailing the proposals of a Public Space Protection Order has been removed.

e) Page 14, off sales. Removal of core hours for off sales.

In accordance with the evidence provided in support of the CIA, street drinking is primarily a problem within the city centre during daytime hours.

Currently applications for off licences between 07:00 and 21:00 hours (core hours) wouldn't fall within the CIA, it is clear from the evidence submitted that there is reason to remove these core hours in favour of additional measures to discourage street drinking e.g. no sale of super strength larger/cider or no sale of alcohol in single cans. If applicants were instead able to offer conditions such as these it could be beneficial to their application.

f) Page 16, Map of the City Centre CIA. Stuttgarter Strasse has been removed from the streets listed within the CIA. There is little evidence within the data received to suggest this street suffers from a high percentage of crime and disorder associated with the cumulative impact of licensed premises within the city centre. This street is also not a thoroughfare to the busiest streets within the centre.

The above proposed changes are detailed in the draft CIA, found in **Appendix A** to this report.

3. Consultation

3.1 It is proposed that a consultation period on the draft SLP and CIA will take place between 25 October 2023 and 17 January 2023. Responses will be taken into consideration and the final Policy will be approved by Licensing Committee and subsequently Full Council.

4. Achievability

This report contains no equality personnel or property implications.

5. Legal Implications

5.1 Section 5A of the Licensing Act 2003 allows a Licensing Authority to publish a Cumulative Impact Assessment (CIA) stating that the licensing authority

considers that the number of relevant authorisations in respect of premises in one or more parts of its area described in the assessment is such that it is likely that it would be inconsistent with the authority's duty under section 4(1) to grant any further relevant authorisations in respect of premises in that part or those parts.

- 5.2 All decisions taken by or on behalf of the Council must (a) be within the legal powers of the Council; (b) comply with any procedural requirement imposed by law; (c) be within the powers of the body or person exercising powers on behalf of the Council; (d) be undertaken in accordance with the procedural requirements imposed by the Council e.g. standing orders and financial regulations; (e) be fully and properly informed; (f) be properly motivated; (g) be taken having regard to the Council's fiduciary duty to its taxpayers; and (h) be reasonable and proper in all the circumstances.

6. Financial Implications.

- 6.1 This report does not result in any additional financial implications and can be achieved within existing budget provision.

7. Recommendation

- 7.1 It is recommended that the Committee approve the draft Cumulative Impact Assessment for consultation with the following statutory consultees:

- Chief Officer of Police for the area
- Fire and Rescue Authority for the area
- Local Health Board in Wales for an area any part of which is in the licensing authority's area
- Persons/bodies representative of local premises licence holders
- Persons/bodies representative of local club premises certificate holders
- Persons/bodies representative of local personal licence holders
- Persons/bodies representative of businesses and residents in its area

Helen Picton
HEAD OF SHARED REGULATORY SERVICES

26 August 2023

This report has been prepared in accordance with procedures approved by Corporate Managers.

Background Papers: None



Cardiff Council Cumulative Impact Assessment: Cardiff City Centre

DRAFT

Reviewed: 2023

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Cardiff Council Cumulative Impact Assessment: Cardiff City Centre

1. Background

Cardiff's City Centre has a thriving day and night-time economy with an average daily footfall of 70,000 and an annual footfall of over 40 million. People are drawn to the City Centre for its numerous shops, bars, restaurants and entertainment venues including the Principality Stadium, all of which are situated in a small walkable area. The City Centre has an extremely high density of licensed premises with over 300 premises in a 0.5 square mile area.

The night-time economy is busiest on Friday and Saturday nights and includes a mixture of local people from Cardiff and the surrounding areas, tourists, hen/stag parties, and students. A number of the licensed premises also promote 'student nights' on various nights of the week.

Footfall in the City Centre swells to 135,000-150,000 on event days in the Principality Stadium such as the 6 Nations Rugby matches and concerts, which results in many of the pubs and bars being full to capacity throughout much of the day and night. These 'major event days' also see increased levels of crime and disorder and hospital/ATC admissions in the City Centre.

There are two main areas within the City Centre that are the main focus of late night entertainment and drinking. These are St Mary Street/High Street area and the Greyfriars Road area which historically had dedicated special policies. Outside these areas, there are also large numbers of licensed premises and high levels of alcohol related crime and disorder across the City Centre. With this in mind the Licensing Authority has included the whole of the City Centre in the Cumulative Impact Policy Assessment (CIPA) (as shown on Map 1 on page 15).

It has been widely reported in the media over the years that there are problems of crime and disorder in Cardiff City Centre associated with the night-time economy. South Wales Police have provided statistical data that demonstrates that the City Centre area has high highest levels of crime and disorder, however the data does not distinguish alcohol related crime specifically. It is often difficult to categorise alcohol-related crime as it may be recorded as a number of different offences such as antisocial behaviour, violent crime and public order offences. Furthermore, an offence could be caused by an offender who is drunk (who may not even be identified or caught for the offence) or it could be a victim of a crime has been targeted due to being in an intoxicated state.

Despite this, the data demonstrates that there are high levels of crime and disorder in the City Centre especially at night and on weekends when people are visiting the City Centre due to the night time economy and the presence of licensed premises.

The close proximity of licensed premises in the area can result in difficulties in identifying individual premises responsible for causing problems. This sometimes makes it difficult to deal with problems by way of an action plan at specific premises or through the Premises Licence review process.

Streets within the City Centre with relatively lower numbers of licensed premises such as Queen Street and The Friary still have high crime figures that demonstrate the cumulative impact of the licensed premises in the City Centre area.

2. Main Aims of the Cumulative Impact Policy in the City Centre

The policy aims to reduce incidents of alcohol related problems, crime and disorder, public nuisance, and risks to public safety, particularly late at night. It aims to discourage an increase in the number of late opening premises primarily concerned with the sale of alcohol and takeaways/late night refreshment premises with the intention of ensuring that the City Centre is a safe environment for people visiting, working and living in the area.

The Licensing Authority recognises that a problem area can be improved by the introduction of new styles of business types, such as food led premises, or high quality/speciality enterprises, rather than vertical drinking establishments.

Key message

The Policy aims to encourage diverse, well-run licensed premises (to an exceptional standard), where the main focus of the premises is not high volume consumption of alcohol.

Family friendly premises are encouraged together with cafes and restaurants with the exception of fast food premises that aim to attract late night revellers.

3. Reasons for the Policy in the City Centre

There are a number of problems in the area caused by the cumulative effect of large numbers of licensed premises. These problems undermine the licensing objectives of:

- Prevention of crime and disorder
- Prevention of public nuisance
- Public Safety.

The Cumulative Impact Policy (CIP) is in place to minimise these problems and further promote these objectives.

Pubs/bars/nightclubs

Data from the 'Report on Community Safety Issues Within Cardiff City Centre During the Night-Time Economy 2022/2023' (detailed in **Appendix A**) collected to assist the formulation of this policy, indicates that premises in the City Centre that serve alcohol (with or without ancillary entertainment) contribute to problems of alcohol related crime and disorder in the premises or in the surrounding streets as people leave.

Although the percentage of Anti-Social Behaviour (ASB) within the City Centre has decreased overall in the last four years from 18.2% in 2019/2020 to 14.7% in 2022/2023, the report concludes that ASB within the City Centre is considerably higher than any other ward within the city.

The times when crime in the City Centre is at its highest is on Friday and Saturday evening until the early hours (04:00/06:00 hours) of the next morning. It is therefore considered that premises offering later operating hours pose the biggest risk in terms of undermining the licensing objectives.

Between the hours of 18:00 and 06:00 hours, 1256 Violence against the person offences were recorded for the City Centre for the 2022/2023 financial year. The data suggests that there are various peaks throughout the week when offences are reported, however the main periods are between 21:00 hours on a Friday and 05:00 hours on a Saturday, and then between 15:00 hours on a Saturday and 06:00 hours on a Sunday.

The data collected also suggests that due to the high density of licensed premises in the City Centre people tend to travel from premises to premises and may have visited several licensed premises in the course of a night out. This can present difficulties in identifying individual premises that are the cause of problems of crime and disorder and creates a cumulative effect. This may include premises with earlier terminal hours that have contributed to customers being intoxicated and causing problems later in the night at other licensed premises or in the street. The policy therefore intends to capture all grant and full variation applications in respect of pubs/bars/nightclubs regardless of their terminal hour.

The Licensing Authority is also concerned that the presence of large numbers of licensed premises makes the City Centre attractive to criminals who target people who are vulnerable due to intoxication from alcohol. Data from **Appendix A** shows that there are large numbers of thefts (excluding shoplifting) taking place in the City Centre between 18:00 and 06:00 hours, which occur in areas that have high levels of other crimes such as anti-social behaviour and violent crime such as St Mary Street, Queen Street and The Hayes.

Other factors that have been considered in the formulation of this policy include:

Police Statistics

South Wales Police have provided data in support of this policy, the data provided is not official South Wales Police figures and are simply an indication of the volume of offences. However, these figures are representative of the actual volume recorded. The data is detailed in **Appendix B**.

In accordance with the data, save for the year 2020 (which would have been impacted by the pandemic) the City Centre recorded more crimes than any other area within Cardiff (up to June 2023).

Over a three and a half year period, the city centre recorded more crimes than any other area for offences such as, violence without injury, violence with injury, serious sexual offence, shoplifting, robbery and theft from the person. Although these crimes cannot be directly related to licensable activities it is a good indication that the City Centre is a hotspot for crime and disorder.

Offences including public order, drugs, sexual offences, violent crime and anti-social behaviour are more prevalent during the night-time economy. Over a three and a half year period the highest number of relevant offences recorded were between 23:00 and 03:00 hours. For the years 2019, 2021 and 2022 these figures peaked between 01:00 to 01:59 hours.

St Mary Street, Queen Street, Castle Street and Mill Lane have the highest levels of crime and anti-social behaviour in Cardiff in accordance with data from both **Appendix A and B**. However, even though Queen Street has no pubs or bars, and very few restaurants it is consistently in the top 3 for the highest levels of crime within Cardiff. This is likely because of high footfall at night with people crossing the city from the St

Mary Street and Greyfriars Rd/Churchill Way areas as well as having several late-night refreshment venues where people congregate while getting food before they leave the area.

CCTV footage has also been provided by South Wales Police demonstrating incidents of crime and disorder taking place within the city centre. This includes body cam footage recorded by South Wales Police, footage from licensed premises CCTV and CCTV on the streets within the centre.

The footage shows problems associated with daytime drinking within the city including anti-social behaviour and violence primarily caused by drinking to excess in numerous licensed premises throughout the day.

Extensive CCTV footage has also been provided of the night-time economy which shows large crowds gathering on the streets, violence and anti-social behaviour associated with the fall out from licensed premises within the centre.

Street Pastor Reports

Street Pastors are trained volunteers from local churches who patrol the streets within Cardiff City Centre, usually on a Friday and Saturday evening into the early hours. The Street Pastors provide assistance to heavily intoxicated individuals, pick up litter on the street, assist the public finding transport home, take individuals to the Alcohol Treatment Centre and on some occasions can help prevent anti-social incidents.

The Street Pastors produce a report after every shift, and it is evident from these reports that they witness the fallout from the cumulative impact of licensed premises within the City Centre. Individuals who become too intoxicated after visiting numerous premises throughout the day/evening suddenly requiring assistance to get home or need to be taken to the Alcohol Treatment Centre.

It is also evident from the reports that the Street Pastors tend to get busier as the evening goes on, thus suggesting that premises requesting to sell alcohol later into the evening/early hours would be more of a concern than those with an earlier closing time.

Street Pastors also bear witness to anti-social behaviour, assaults, domestic incidents, as well as a large amount of litter. During their shift Street Pastors collect bottles/glasses found littered around the City Centre. We can see from their reports that they usually collect approximately 50-60 bottles/glasses in one night and on one occasion in 2023 this reached 81 items collected.

Although a substantial amount of litter is collected or witnessed from either St Mary Street, Caroline Street, Queen Street and Greyfriars Road we can see from the reports that it is not limited to these areas. For example, a report dated 21 July 2023 details a large amount of broken glass in Womanby Street and another report on 7 July 2023 again details glass in this area. This demonstrates that although there may not be the same high number of licensed premises as the streets listed above, the cumulative impact of licensed premises within the City Centre has a vast impact, especially for those streets that act as walkways to other areas.

A sample of the Street Pastor's reports along with statistics collected is detailed in **Appendix C**.

Noise Complaints

Recent increases in the amount of residential accommodation in the City Centre coupled with later opening hours also gives rise to the potential of noise nuisance. Residents trying to sleep may be disturbed by noise from entertainment at licensed premises or persons leaving those premises. This disturbance may be greater later at night or on weekday nights when the ambient background noise is lower. The Council's Pollution Control Service receive approximately 20 complaints a year from residents in the City Centre regarding noise from licensed premises, the majority of which are concerned with amplified music from pubs, bars and

nightclub. The highest areas for reported noise complaints in relation to licensed premises are St Mary Street, Westgate Street and Windsor Place.

Details of Pollution Control complaint numbers are detailed in **Appendix D**.

Local Health Board Data

Data found in **Appendix E**, suggests patients attending either the Emergency Unit (EU) or Alcohol Treatment Centre (ATC) as a result of alcohol related activities is down on pre-covid levels. Alcohol related activities include when patients report to EU or ACT following an alcohol related incident in a public place or where the patient's last drink was captured.

Although a large amount of data isn't available due to the ACT closing for a considerable period, it is clear that Queen Street, St Mary Street, Caroline Street, Mill Lane and Greyfriars Road continue to be the prime areas for last drink locations for those attending the ATC and EU as a result of alcohol related activities.

Off-Licences/Convenience Stores

In addition to the problems associated with alcohol related crime & disorder at licensed premises with on-sales of alcohol, there are also problems connected with off-licences due to the presence of street drinkers in the City Centre, particularly around the Central Square area. The Council and South Wales Police have worked with licensees in the City Centre to try to reduce the sale of alcohol to street drinkers and those intoxicated but the problem remains.

Many of the off-licences within the City Centre are general convenience stores and alcohol makes up a small percentage of annual turnover. These stores are generally frequented by City Centre residents and City Centre workers/visitors on their lunch breaks and on their way home for predominantly food and household goods.

Off-licences that sell alcohol products attractive to street drinkers, are considered a higher risk of adversely affecting the licensing objectives. Alcoholic drinks such as super strength lager/cider, or single cans, or miniature bottles of spirits are attractive to people pre-loading or attempting to conceal alcohol into licensed premises, and it is recommended that this is considered by applicants when drafting their operating schedules. Earlier closing hours reduces the risk of pre-loading purchases by those intending to visit the pubs, bars and nightclubs in the City Centre.

Key message

Operators of off licence/convenience stores are advised to carefully consider their product lines in respect of alcohol to ensure they do not exacerbate problems of street drinking and pre-loading in the area. It is also advised that all staff that sell alcohol are appropriately trained with regards to proxy sales, age restrictions, and selling to people who are intoxicated.

Data from **Appendix B** shows the number of offences recorded at off-licence premises within the City Centre between 07:00 hours and 02:00 hours. The data shows a significant increase over the past 4 years, excluding the year 2020 which would have been impacted by the pandemic. The number of recorded offences are:

Year	Number of Offences
2019	212
2020	196
2021	226
2022	344

These offences include theft, violence, drugs, sexual offences and public order offences. The highest number of recorded offences is between 11:00 hours and 18:00 hours which suggests restricting later hours for off-licences would have less of an impact than restricting super strength alcohol, single can sales and the sale of miniature bottles of spirits. Although the data provided cannot directly relate these offences to licensable activities, it is a good indication of the current level of crime and disorder facing off-licences.

Chief Inspector Dan Howe, Head of Partnerships for Cardiff/Vale and South Wales Police Night Time Economy Lead has detailed daytime street drinking as an emerging challenge for the City Centre when discussing the Police support for the policy in a statement detailed in **Appendix F**. Extensive body-cam footage of street drinkers in the city centre has also been submitted by South Wales Police which demonstrates the problems faced when tackling this issue at various times of the day, this footage is detailed in **Appendix B**.

Takeaways/fast food outlets

People leaving licensed premises often do not go straight home choosing instead to visit one of the many takeaways and fast food outlets in the City Centre, particularly Caroline Street which is densely populated with late night refreshment premises.

Takeaways and fast food outlets attract large numbers of intoxicated individuals which inevitably leads to problems of crime and disorder in and around those premises. The police data in **Appendix B** details a total of 151 offences and incidents occurring in licensed takeaways within the city centre between 1 April 2019 and 31 March 2023. All of these incidents, took place between the hours of 23:00 and 05:00, which is the time period that requires late night refreshment to be licensed. The offences have been recorded as Violence, Drugs, Sexual offences, Public order offences, as well as incidents relating to anti-social behaviour.

As we can see from the below table (taken from police data in **Appendix B**), the number of incidents taking place at late night refreshment venues dropped during covid years (2020/2021) but has since risen to 52 incidents in 2022 which is higher than in 2019, pre-covid.

Year	Number of Incidents/offences:
2019	45
2020	14
2021	29
2022	52
2023 (part year)	11
Total:	151

The peak period of crime reported at late night refreshment venues was between 03:00 and 03:59 hours, this suggests that premises offering food to customers later into the early hours, between these times are more likely to attract higher levels of crime and disorder along with potential anti-social behaviour.

The presence of takeaways/fast food outlets slows down the dispersal of people out of the City Centre and leads to an increase in the number of people on the streets. This is supported by high levels of recorded crime and anti-social behaviour which shows high levels of incidents in Caroline Street and Queen Street despite having very little licensed premises authorising the sale of alcohol and instead (particularly Caroline Street) consists primarily of late night refreshment venues.

CCTV footage provided by South Wales Police (detailed in **Appendix B**) demonstrates the high number of people that gather outside late night refreshment venues such as those on Caroline Street and St Mary Street, as well as detailing violence and antisocial behaviour both in and outside late-night refreshment venues.

Council spends £20,000 providing additional bins on weekends to cope with the additional litter, much of which is generated from takeaways. It is reported that many of the litter 'hotspots' are in the Caroline Street/lower St Mary street area and in the vicinity of fast food outlets. It has been well documented in the [Press](#) that on major event days the rubbish associated with the increased number of people using late night refreshment venues within the city centre becomes excessive and extra street cleaners are required to deal with the fallout from the cumulation of late-night refreshment venues.

There is little evidence to demonstrate that traditional restaurants have a negative impact on the licensing objectives.

Conclusion

The licensing authority considers that the number of premises licences and/or club premises certificates in Cardiff City Centre is such that it is likely that granting further licences would be inconsistent with the authority's duty to promote the licensing objectives.

The Licensing Authority has received satisfactory evidence (detailed in the separate annexes) that the cumulative impact of licensed premises selling alcohol and providing late night refreshment from fast food outlets/takeaways in the City Centre area is undermining the promotion of the licensing objectives in relation to crime and disorder, public nuisance and public safety.

In addition to the data, South Wales Police have also provided an overview of the crime/disorder in Cardiff City Centre's and have detailed their support for the policy (detailed in **Appendix F**).

The Licensing Authority is satisfied that the following factors are occurring in the City Centre as a result of the cumulative impact of licensed premises in the area:

- Street drinking and associated anti-social behavior
- Crime hot spots as a consequence of late opening fast food premises
- Significant nuisance arising from Litter
- Noise from licensed premises and on the street
- An undue number of targeted thefts of personal belongings and sexual assaults being perpetrated against people under the influence of alcohol
- An undue number of alcohol related injuries through violence or accidents resulting in attendance at the Emergency Unit or Alcohol Treatment Centre.

Therefore, in the interests of minimising crime, disorder and nuisance and promoting public safety, to create a safe environment for people to enjoy the nighttime economy in Cardiff, the Licensing Authority considers it

is appropriate for the Cumulative Impact Policy to apply to new and full variation applications in the City Centre area in Map 1 below for licensed premises classified as amber and red in Table 1 below.

4. Application of the Policy

Having regard to the Guidance issued by the Secretary of State under Section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003, Cardiff Council as Licensing Authority has consulted upon the issue of cumulative impact. It has taken into account the views of respondents and considered the evidence and has adopted a Cumulative Impact Policy in respect of the **City Centre area**.

This document should be read in conjunction with Cardiff Council's Statement of Licensing Act Policy 2020-2025.

The Cumulative Impact Policy applies to applications for grants and full variations of Premises Licences and Club Premises Certificates in the circumstances set out in Table 1 and Table 2. The effect of Table 1 and Table 2 is more fully described below.

When the Policy applies it creates a rebuttable presumption that where relevant representations have been received the application will be refused or subject to certain limitations unless the applicant can successfully demonstrate that the premises will not add to the negative cumulative impact on one or more of the licensing objectives.

The Licensing Authority takes the view that where relevant representations are received in respect of an application for a premises that is adjoining or is in close proximity to (but not within) the Cumulative Impact Policy Area (CIPA)'s defined boundary, and where those representations raise a material impact on the CIPA, then the Cumulative Impact Policy will be applied if the Licensing Sub-Committee reasonably judges that to grant the particular application would add to the cumulative impact being suffered in the defined area.

Key message

This Cumulative Impact Policy is not absolute. The circumstances of each application will be considered on its merits and the Licensing Authority will grant licences and certificates that are unlikely to add to the negative cumulative impact on the licensing objectives.

It must be stressed that the presumption to refuse an application does not relieve the responsible authorities or 'other persons' of the need to make a relevant representation, referring to information which was before the Licensing Authority when it made this Policy. If there are no representations the Licensing Authority must grant the application in terms that are consistent with the Operating Schedule submitted. The Licensing Authority will review the Cumulative impact Policy periodically with the Police to assess whether it is needed any longer or needs amending.

Evidence

When determining the City Centre, the Licensing Authority has had regard to the following evidence:-

- Crime and disorder data provided by South Wales Police
- Alcohol related injuries reported to A&E/Alcohol Treatment Centre
- Last drink data
- Noise complaints
- Street Pastor Reports
- The number, type and hours of licensed premises
- Residential proximity and density
- Views of residents, businesses and licence holders.

Consideration of other initiatives and partnership working

There are a number of measures in place in Cardiff that are aimed at providing a safe environment and minimising problems of crime, disorder and nuisance. These measures have been taken into account when determining the CIA. They include:-

- Pedestrian and Road Closures – Large parts of the City Centre are pedestrianised to separate pedestrians and vehicles and promote public safety. Furthermore, due to the increased number of visitors to the City Centre on major event days there are additional road closures in place. Nighttime road closures also exist around the Greyfriars Road area of the City Centre to protect members of the public who have been visiting the licensed premises in that area.
- Taxi Marshalls are employed at a number of the main taxi ranks to aid dispersal of customers from late night premises.
- The Alcohol Treatment Centre led by Cardiff and Vale University Health Board operates within the City Centre providing treatment to heavily intoxicated patients in the locality. The Centre eases pressure on the hospital's Emergency Unit and whilst also offering patients the opportunity of viewing footage of their drunken behaviour before leaving, in a bid to make them consider their safety and highlighting the health risks of excessive drinking.
- Cardiff Licensee's Forum is an organisation representing licensed premises in the City Centre and Cardiff Bay. The Forum meets to share information and good practice and to create good communication links between licensed premises, the Police and the Council.
- The majority of licensed premises in the City Centre have a radio system linked to the Police Control room where they can provide/request information or require assistance.
- Pubwatch Schemes.
- The Traffic Light System led by South Wales Police provides a management tool to monitor levels of crime and disorder at licensed premises. Further details can be found within the Statement of Licensing Policy.
- Vulnerability Training is provided by South Wales Police to staff at licensed premises, in particular door staff. The training assists participants in identifying people who could be considered as 'vulnerable' usually due to being under the influence of alcohol, and provides advice on what action should be taken to safeguard these people.
- Restrictions through planning controls.
- Provision of CCTV in public areas.

- Enforcement powers available to the Police, Licensing Officers and Trading Standards Officers under the Licensing Act 2003.
- For Cardiff (Cardiff Business Improvement District) – A business-led, not for profit organisation with the goal of improving the City Centre. Initiatives include provision of Street Ambassadors, Cardiff Night Marshals, schemes aimed at reducing homelessness.
- Cardiff Against Business Crime – A Business Crime Reduction Partnership with the aim of reducing business related crime through partnership working with various partners including the Licensees Forum, South Wales Police, City of Cardiff Council, For Cardiff, St David’s Shopping Centre etc.

The Licensing Authority is satisfied that in the Cumulative Impact Area there is evidence to support the implementation of the Cumulative Impact Policy and, after taking into consideration other existing initiatives, that it is proportionate and the most effective measure to address the problems identified.

Applications

The CIP applies to applications for Grant and Full Variation of Premises Licences and Club Premises Certificates in the circumstances set out in Table 1 and Table 2. The Policy creates a rebuttable presumption that, where relevant representations have been received, any of these applications will be refused or subject to certain limitations unless the applicant can successfully demonstrate that the premises will not add to the negative cumulative impact on one or more of the licensing objectives.

When making a decision on an application in a CIA, the Licensing Authority will have regard to CIP Table 1 in determining whether the CIP applies to that application. Where Table 1 indicates that the CIP applies to an application, the rebuttable presumption of refusal applies as explained above.

Table 2 provides a brief definition of each premises type for the purpose of the CIP and explains the ‘core hours’ and ‘additional measures’ restrictions in respect of premises applications classed as ‘amber’.

The CIP does not normally apply to premises types categorised as ‘green’ in Table 1.

The Policy will not apply to premises which are ‘amber’ if the application is limited to the ‘core hours’ and the ‘additional measures’ mentioned in Table 2 are adequately addressed in the accompanying Operating Schedule.

The CIP applies to premises types categorised as ‘red’ in Table 1.

It should be noted that a green or amber category does not make the application immune from representations from responsible authorities or other persons. All relevant representations will be considered by the Licensing Sub-Committee and the application determined on its merits. Those green/amber applications that would normally fall outside the CIP will be treated as a ‘standard’ application and the rebuttable presumption of refusal created by the CIP will not apply. However, this Policy is not absolute. Each application will be determined individually on its merits and the Licensing Authority shall permit licences and certificates that are unlikely to add to the cumulative impact on the licensing objectives to be granted.

Applicants are expected to address the effects of the CIP in the Operating Schedule. They are expected to clearly demonstrate how the operation of the premises would not add to the negative cumulative impact being experienced in the area.

Premises with combined use/premises undefined type

Certain applications will not fall neatly into one of the categorised premises types or they may have a combined use. For example, there may be instances where a premises operates as a restaurant by day and a bar a night, or there may be a pub that has a strong emphasis on food sales.

This Policy cannot cover all eventualities. Each application will be determined on its own merits and in taking a view of whether the CIP applies the Licensing Authority will take into consideration the primary use of the premises, the licensable activities applied for, and the licensable hours.

Key message

The Licensing Authority expects applications for premises within the Cumulative Impact Area to be exceptional. The authority does not consider that premises that are well managed and fully compliant with their licensing conditions and all relevant legislation to be 'exceptional'. This is what is expected of all licensed premises.

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Table 1

Premises Types (See criteria in Table2)					
Area:	Ancillary alcohol sales	Pubs/Members Clubs/Bars/ Nightclubs	Restaurants	Takeaways/Fast Food Restaurants	Off-Licences
City Centre	No CIP (Green)	CIP applies (Red)	CIP only applies if the application is outside the 'Core Hours' or the applicant is unwilling to adopt the 'Additional Measures' (Amber)	CIP applies (Red)	CIP applies (Red)

Table 2

Premises Type	Criteria
<p>Ancillary Alcohol Sales</p>	<p>For the purpose of this policy: Venues where the sale of alcohol is ancillary to the main purpose of the premises, and alcohol sales make up a small percentage of the business.</p> <p>This may include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cinemas • Theatres • Bowling alleys, hairdressers, florists • Hotels/B&Bs where alcohol is provided for consumption on the premises by people staying in overnight accommodation • Art galleries. • Workplace Bar solely for use of employees of the premises <p>This does not include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sexual Entertainment Venues • Hotel bars with public access (not just available to customers staying in overnight accommodation)
<p>Takeaways/Fast food outlets</p>	<p>Premises that provide late night refreshment either by way of take away for immediate consumption, or fast food on a counter or self-seating basis.</p>
<p>Pubs/Bars/ Nightclubs</p>	<p>Premises which supply alcohol primary for the consumption on the premises, with or without the provision of off sales and with or without the provision of regulated entertainment. This also includes premises where hot food and hot drink are provided for consumption on or off the premises</p>

Off-Licences

Premises that supply alcohol primarily for the consumption off the premises

This includes convenience stores and supermarkets.

Additional Measures to consider:

- There shall be no sale of any stronger beers, lagers or ciders over 5.5% abv (except for genuine artisan or craft beers, lagers, and ciders). A notice to this effect will be on clear display in the shop.
- There shall be no single sales of beer, lager and cider (cans and bottles). A notice to this effect will be on clear display in the shop.
- There shall be no sale of miniature bottles of spirits less than 20cl in size. A notice to this effect will be on clear display in the shop.
- In the absence of the DPS a nominated person shall be in control of the premises – this nomination will be in writing and a record of this will be available for inspection.
- On occasions when South Wales Police consider to be a major event is taking place in the Principality Stadium, the following conditions will apply:
 - No alcohol shall be sold on the day of the event between agreed times from at least two hours prior to the start of the event
 - A minimum of 1 SIA registered Door Supervisor shall be on duty from at least two hours prior to the start of the event until the sale of alcohol ends
 - No alcohol in glass containers shall be sold on the day of the event between agreed times.

Restaurants

Premises which primarily supply substantial table meals for consumption on the premises and dining is the main activity for customers.

The Policy will not apply to restaurants if the core hours and additional measures form part of the operating schedule

Fast food premises and takeaways are **not** considered as 'restaurants' for the purpose of this Policy.

Core Hours:

Sale of alcohol

09:00 – 01:00

Additional Measures:

- At least 70% of the public space is occupied by tables and chairs
- All meals are consumed at tables with non-disposable crockery
- The sale of alcohol for consumption on the premises is ancillary to the taking of a substantial table meal
- There is no self-seating; customers are shown to their table by staff.
- All food is served by waiter/waitress service, with the only exception of buffet-style restaurants.

MAP 1: City Centre CIA Area



- | | | |
|----------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| Park Street | Penarth Road (part of) | Quay Street |
| Queen Street | Saunders Road | Scott road |
| St John Street | St Mary Street | Station Terrace |
| The Friary | The Hayes | Tredegar Street |
| Trinity Street | Union Street | Victoria Place |
| Wesley Lane | Westgate Street | Wharton Street |
| Wharton Place | Windsor Place | Windsor Lane |
| Womanby Street | Wood Street | Working Street |



CARDIFF NIGHT-TIME ECONOMY UPDATE:

A REPORT ON COMMUNITY SAFETY ISSUES WITHIN CARDIFF CITY CENTRE DURING THE NIGHT-TIME ECONOMY

Year 2022/23

Prepared by Peter King
Senior Partnership Analyst
April 2023

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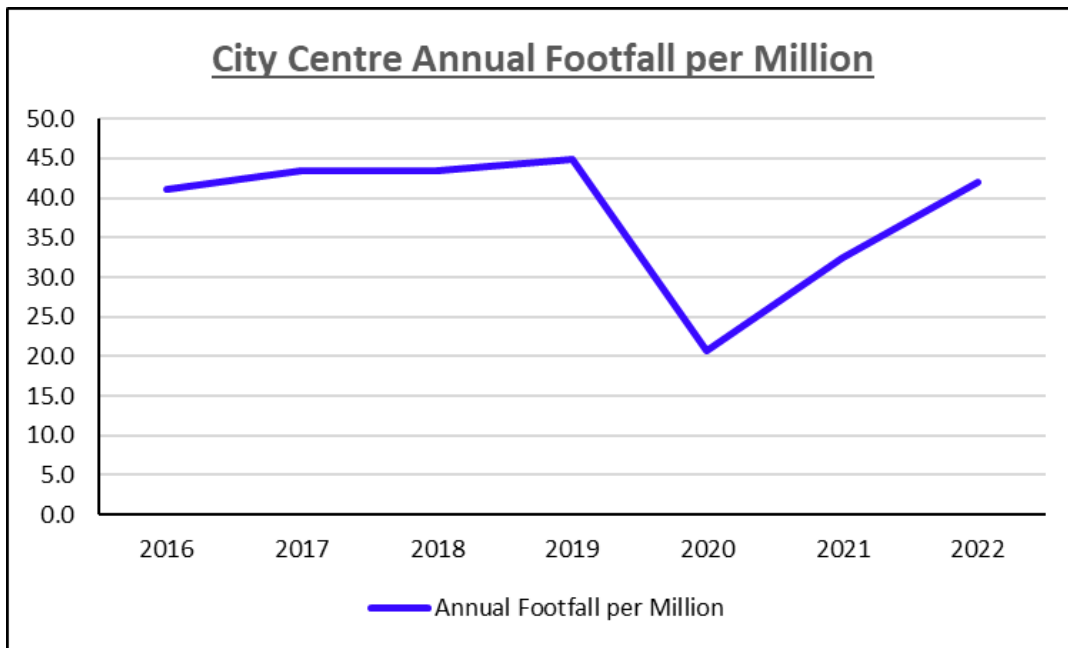
@CardiffDebate
#CardiffDebate

Historically the City centre of Cardiff has attracted a vibrant night-time economy with high levels of crime and anti-social behaviour being linked to the night-time economy.

Within the City Centre there are currently 369 licensed premises 36.4% or 134 of these are licensed as Pub, Bar or Nightclubs. A further 38.9% or 143 are licensed as Hotels, B&B's, and Restaurants with a further 4.3% or 16 relating to Takeaway premises. 9.2% or 34 relate to Supermarkets, Shops and Off Licences. Six further licences relate to Registered Clubs, Sports Clubs, and a Casino, six licences relate to cinemas and theatres. A further 8.2% or 30 licenses relate to street or specific venue licences.

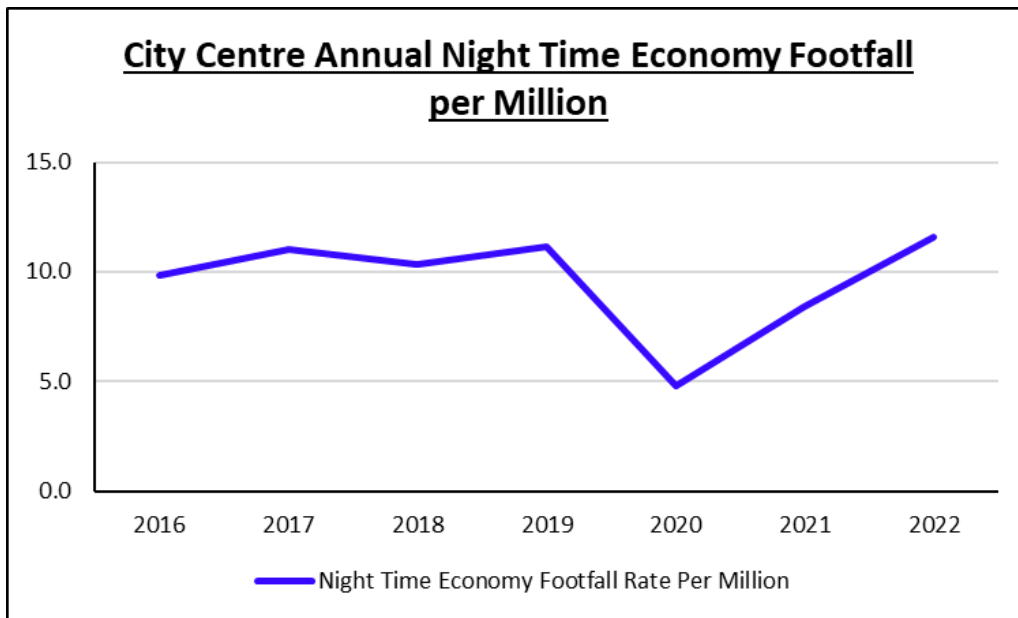
Access has been gained to the Springboard data set which measures the footfall across Cardiff at specific sites and is collated on the Springboard database, analysis has been carried out on this data using the tools available on the Springboard Analyser Dashboard

The annual footfall within the City Centre in 2016 was estimated at approximately 41.1 Million, which increased year on year to 2019 when it reached 44.9 million. In 2020 the Covid pandemic had a significant impact on footfall with it almost halving to 20.7 million. The footfall has still not fully recovered to pre-pandemic levels in 2022 the footfall was 42 million. In the first quarter of 2023 it would appear that footfall has continued to improve however it has still not reached the levels of 2019 with 10.1 million recorded in the first quarter of 2019 and 9.7 million recorded in the first quarter of 2023.



Source: Springboard

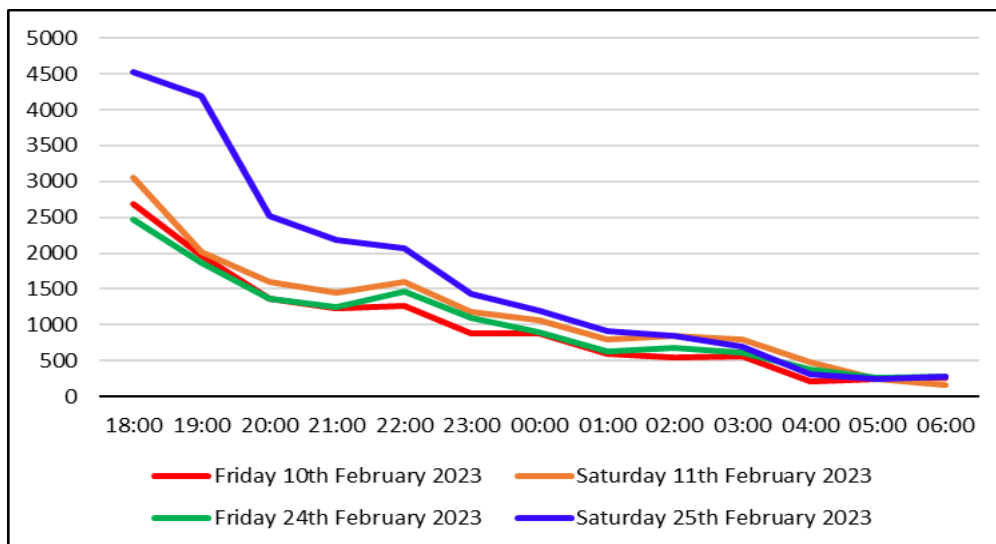
Further analysis of the Springboard Data reveals that in 2016 the footfall within the night-time (18:00 to 06:00) economy was 9.9 million accounting for 24% of overall footfall. It will also be noted that the impact of the Covid Pandemic was also felt by the night-time economy in 2020 however it would appear that the night-time economy has improved much quicker after the pandemic with it now being above pre pandemic levels. In 2019 the night-time economy footfall was recorded as 11.1 million before falling to 4.8 million in 2020, in 2022 it has now reached 11.6 Million which is above pre pandemic levels and now accounts for 27.7% of the City Centre footfall.



Source: Springboard

In 2011, the Economy and Culture Scrutiny Committee of Cardiff Council wrote a report on the Cardiff Night-Time Economy. Within this report, further analysis was carried out into the footfall within Queen Street and the report states that on an average weekend, the night-time economy footfall ranges between 30,000 and 40,000 and on event days between 65,000 to 100,000 with the peaks being on a Saturday night into a Sunday Morning.

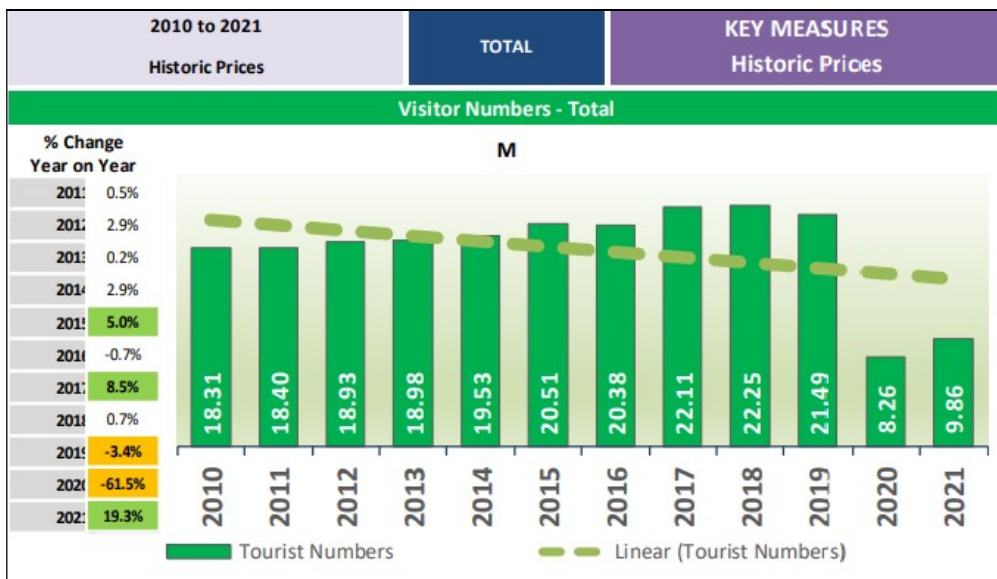
In order to compare footfall in Queen Street during the night-time economy on a Friday and Saturday when an event is on and a similar period when no event is on data has been obtained from Springboard in respect of Friday 24th February 2023 and Saturday 25th February 2023. This is the weekend when Wales played England in the Six Nations with the event taking place on the Saturday evening and on Friday and Saturday the 10th & 11th February when no event was taking place.



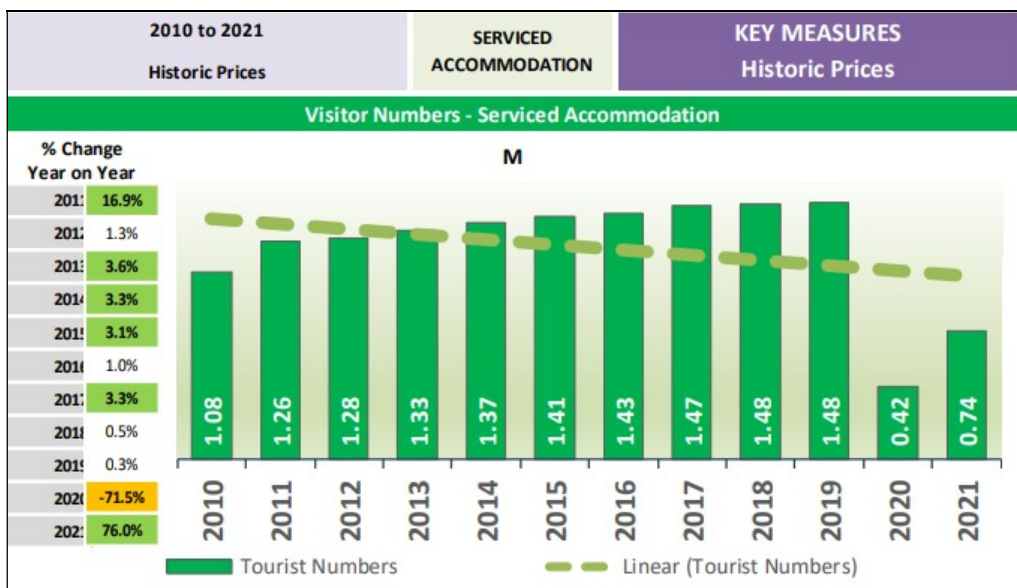
The high footfall on the Saturday when the event was on is not surprising. On the Friday prior to the event took place the footfall was similar to a Friday night when no event is running. The total footfall between 18:00 hours and 06:00 hours on the days in question were compared and it was found that on an event day the footfall was 40% higher than on a Saturday when no event was taking place. It was noted that after midnight the footfall on the Saturday 25th February the day of the Event the footfall fell to levels similar to when there is no event on.

Global Tourism Solutions (UK) Ltd also prepares a STEAM (Scarborough Tourism Economic Activity Monitor) report, for Cardiff Council, which supplies economic information on the Cardiff Visitors economy and forms part of key performance indicators for Cardiff Council. The most recent report Available is for the year 2021. The next report will be due in Mid-2023.

The first chart, which has been obtained from this report, shows the visitor numbers for Cardiff as a whole it will be noted that there was a significant decrease in 2020 and 2021 this correlates with the onset of the Covid Pandemic. If a Comparison is done between 2019 and 2020 there was a reduction of 61%, 2021 saw a slight improvement with a 54% decrease in visitor numbers. Prior to the pandemic from 2015 Cardiff was seeing an increase in Visitors if a comparison is done between 2010 and 2019 there was a 17.4% increase in visitor numbers.



The next chart shows visitors numbers in Serviced accommodation, which relates to visitors staying at hotels within the city. It will be noted that there was a significant decrease in the number of visitors staying within hotels within Cardiff during 2020 & 2021, prior to this there had been an increase. If 2010 is compared with 2019, it will be noted that there has been a significant rise in the number of people staying in hotels within Cardiff with a rise a rise of over 37%.

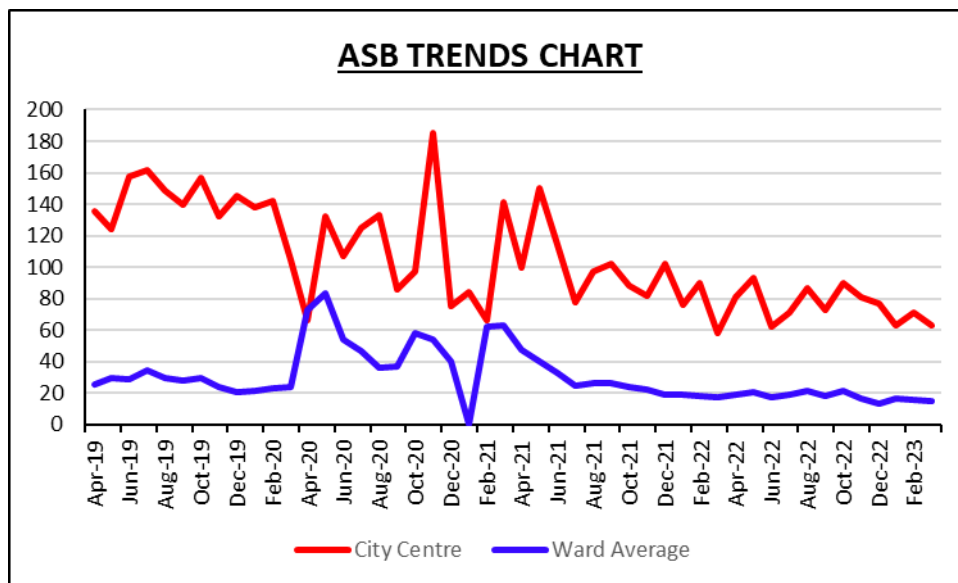


Crime and incident data has been obtained from the South Wales Police Business Intelligence Unit and from the Police Crime & Incident recording system (NICHE) and this data has been used to complete the information on crime & disorder contained within this report.

The City centre is in fact part of the Cathays Ward however, by using the geography of the police beats within the City Centre it has been possible to identify crime and ASB which has occurred specifically within the City Centre.

Anti- Social behaviour has always been high within the Cardiff City Centre. The following chart shows a comparison of trends in relation to ASB. The blue line shows the number of incidents of ASB on a monthly basis over a four-year period this is compared to the red line which shows the ward average across Cardiff where the monthly total ASB for Cardiff has been divided by 29 which is the number of wards which then gives a ward average.

It will be noted from this trends chart that the number of ASB incidents, which occurred in the City Centre, has consistently been significantly above the Ward average. It will also be noted that in April 2020 the Ward increased whilst the City Centre significantly decreased this is once again one of the impacts of the Covid Pandemic. The increase in the Ward Average over the period of the Pandemic is as a result of complaints of breaches of Covid restrictions being recorded as ASB.

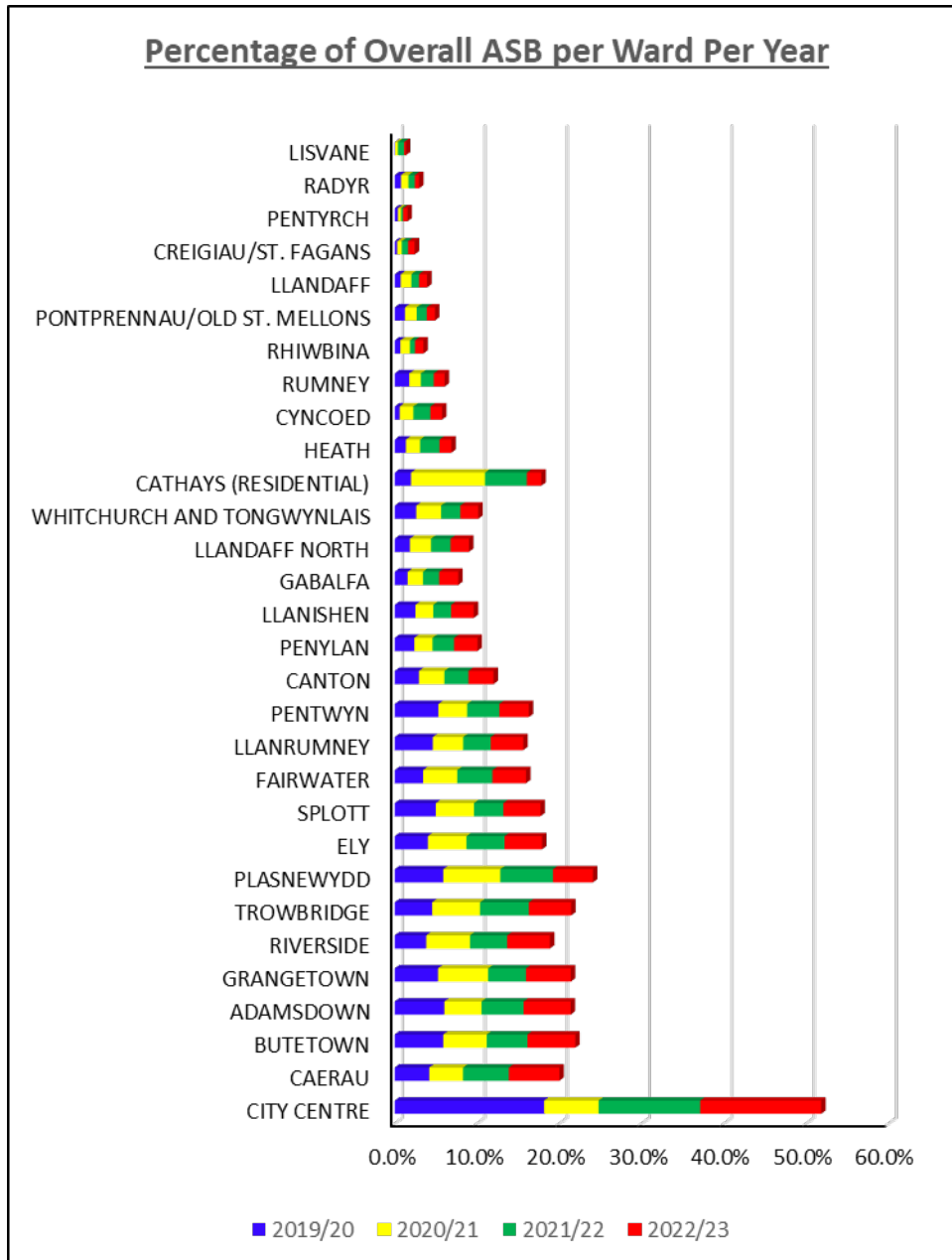


The next chart shows a four-year comparison in the percentage of overall ASB incidents which each ward accounts for against the Cardiff total. It will be noted that with the exception of 2020/21 the City Centre area of the Cathays ward is consistently higher than the other wards across Cardiff.

Over the four-year period from April 2019, the City Centre has accounted for 18.2% in 2019/20, 6.6% in 2020/21, 12.3% in 2021/22 and 14.7% in 2022/23 of the total ASB within Cardiff. If a comparison is made to the other wards, it will be seen that the ward with the next highest total varies through the years.

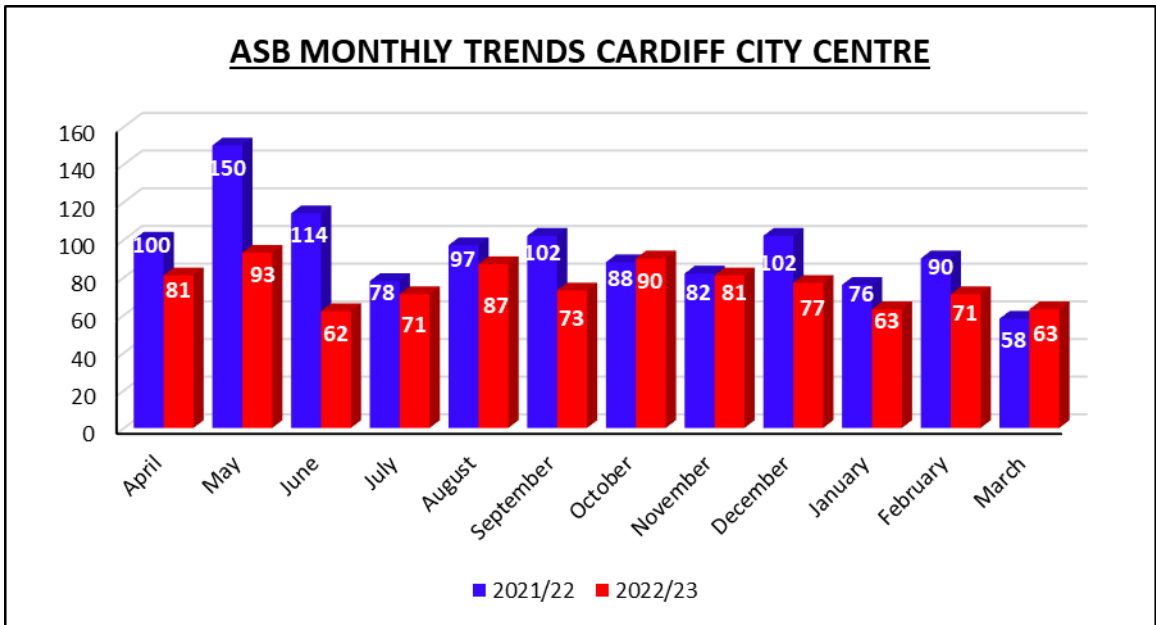
From this comparison, it is evident that the percentage of ASB, which occurred in the City Centre, is considerably higher than in any other ward within the City. From further analysis, it will be seen that the percentage of ASB that the City centre accounts for has decreased in the last four years from 18.2% in 2019/20 to 14.7% in 2022/23.

It will be noted that the number of ASB incidents have decreased significantly since pre-pandemic levels across the city but the City Centre Remains the main hotspot for ASB.

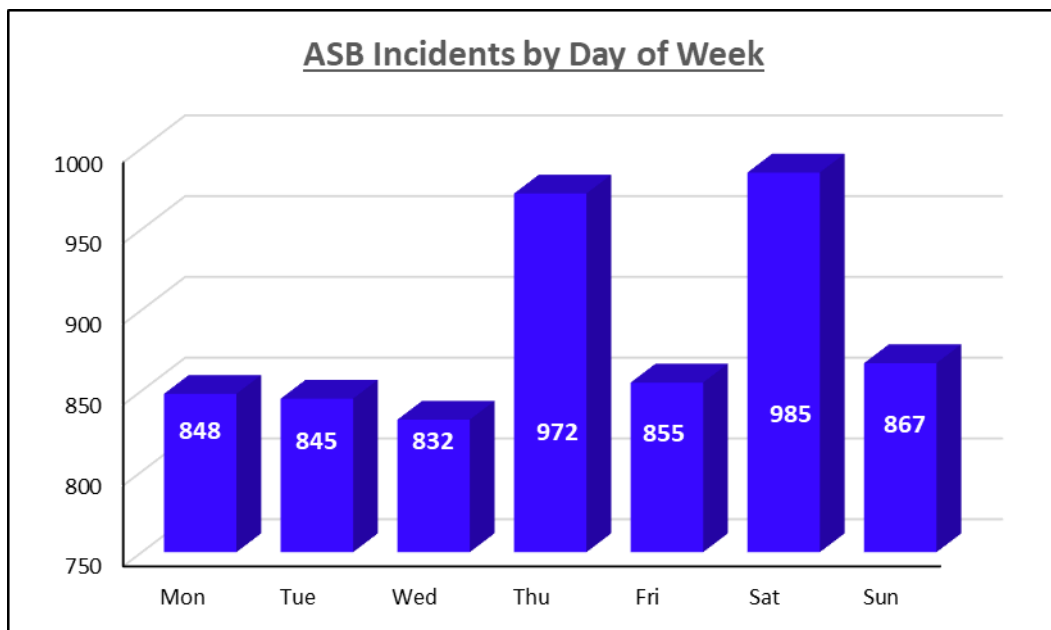


From 1st April 2022 the end of March 2023 there were 912 incidents of ASB within the City Centre. When compared to the same period for 2021/22 this equates to a reduction of 19.8% whilst the overall reduction for Cardiff as a whole for the same period was 32.7%.

The following chart shows the monthly totals for incidents of anti-social behaviour within the city centre for 2022/23 with a comparison to 2021/22.

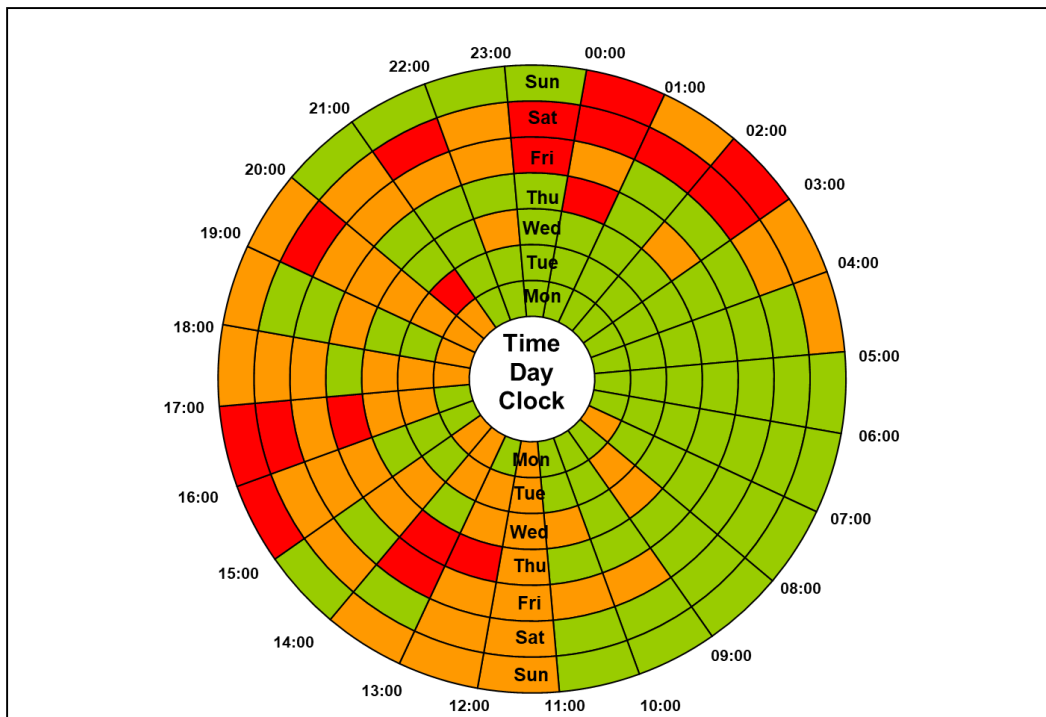


The next chart shows a breakdown of the incidents by the day in which they occurred it will be noted that a Thursday and Saturday recorded the highest total.



Further analysis has been carried out and the following chart shows the time and day that these offences occurred the green areas are where 0 to 4 incidents occurred, Amber is where 5 to 9 incidents occurred and Red is where more than 10 incidents occurred.

It will be seen from this chart that the hotspot times during weekdays are between Noon and 1800hours however, on a Saturday and Sunday this extends into the overnight period i.e. from 23:00 hrs on a Friday to 03:00 on a Saturday and from 21:00 hours on a Saturday to 03:00 hours on a Sunday.



Further analysis into the times these incidents occurred reveals that 47.8% of the incidents of ASB occur between the hours of 18:00 and 06:00 hours.

In relation to the ASB incidents, which have occurred between the hours of 18:00 and 06:00 and it, was found that the incidents of ASB were recorded as occurring at 58 different locations within the City Centre. The following table shows the streets where incidents have occurred.

Street Name	Total	Street Name	Total	Street Name	Total
ST MARY STREET	127	DUMFRIES PLACE	3	CATHEDRAL WALK	1
QUEEN STREET	39	THE FRIARY	3	CHURCH STREET	1
CENTRAL SQUARE	30	WOMANBY STREET	3	CROCKHERBTOWN LANE	1
THE HAYES	22	BUTE TERRACE	2	DAVID STREET	1
CASTLE STREET	19	CASTLE ARCADE	2	DOMINIONS ARCADE	1
WESTGATE STREET	18	DUKE STREET	2	GOLATE	1
MILL LANE	17	GORSEDD GARDENS ROAD	2	HAYES ARCADE	1
PARK PLACE	15	HAYES BRIDGE ROAD	2	HIGH STREET ARCADE	1
GREYFRIARS ROAD	14	HIGH STREET	2	HILL'S STREET	1
WOOD STREET	14	KNOX ROAD	2	MAINDY ROAD	1
NORTH ROAD	13	PARK GROVE	2	NORTH LUTON PLACE	1
CAROLINE STREET	12	PELLETT STREET	2	QUAY STREET	1
MARY ANN STREET	10	TRINITY STREET	2	QUEENS ARCADE	1
ST JOHN STREET	9	WHARTON STREET	2	SAUNDERS ROAD	1
CHURCHILL WAY	8	ADAM STREET	1	STATION TERRACE	1
KINGSWAY	4	BAKERS ROW	1	TREDEGAR STREET	1
ADAMSCROFT PLACE	3	BLACKWEIR TERRACE	1	WINDSOR LANE	1
BRIDGE STREET	3	BUTE PARK ACCESS BRIDGE	1	WINDSOR PLACE	1
COLUM ROAD	3	CAPITOL ARCADE	1	WORKING STREET	1

The following chart shows a four-year comparison of crime within the City centre, from the chart it will be noted that there was a significant decrease in crime within the City Centre during 2020/21 which was due to the Covid pandemic Restrictions.

Two offence groups Other Thefts and Violence Against The Person account for between 80.1% in 2019/20 of the overall crime within the City Centre and for 2022/23 accounts for 77.3%.

Over this four-year period, the City Centre accounts for 15.3% to 17.3% of the overall crime within Cardiff. There are two specific offence groups, which have a significant impact on crime in the City Centre and have an impact on the night-time economy and further analysis has been carried out into these offence groups for the year 2022/23.

Offence Group	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23
Burglary of residential	32	25	23	17
Burglary of business and community	173	86	148	206
Criminal damage	276	157	234	324
Other theft	3006	920	2258	2412
Theft from motor vehicle	128	80	117	148
Theft of motor vehicle	18	12	12	29
Violence against the person	2395	1014	2051	2107
Sexual offence	205	94	254	288
Robbery	55	26	57	57
Drug Offences	314	206	209	177
Other notifiable offence	139	70	98	80
Total	6741	2690	5461	5845

The offence group Other Thefts recorded in 2022/23 consists of thirteen different offence categories as shown below.

Offence Type	Total	Crimsec Description	Total
Shoplifting	1156	Theft by an Employee	4
Other Theft	523	Theft Of Mail	3
Theft or Unauthorised Taking of a Pedal Cycle	441	Profiting from or concealing knowledge of the proceeds of crime	2
Theft from the Person	242	Theft from an Automatic Machine or Meter	2
Making Off Without Payment	19	Dishonest use of electricity	1
Interfering with a Motor Vehicle	10	Handling stolen goods	1
Theft in a Dwelling other than from an Automatic Machine or Meter	8		

A number of these offence categories would have an impact on the daytime economy but not on the night-time economy. In order to try to identify the offences which would impact on the night-time economy the following chart shows the number of offences under each of the above categories which were reported between 18:00hrs and 06:00 hours giving a total of 805 offences.

Offence Type	Total	Offence Type	Total
Shoplifting	272	Making Off Without Payment	11
Other Theft	215	Interfering with a Motor Vehicle	4
Theft or Unauthorised Taking of a Pedal Cycle	197	Theft in a Dwelling other than from an Automatic Machine or Meter	2
Theft from the Person	102	Theft Of Mail	2

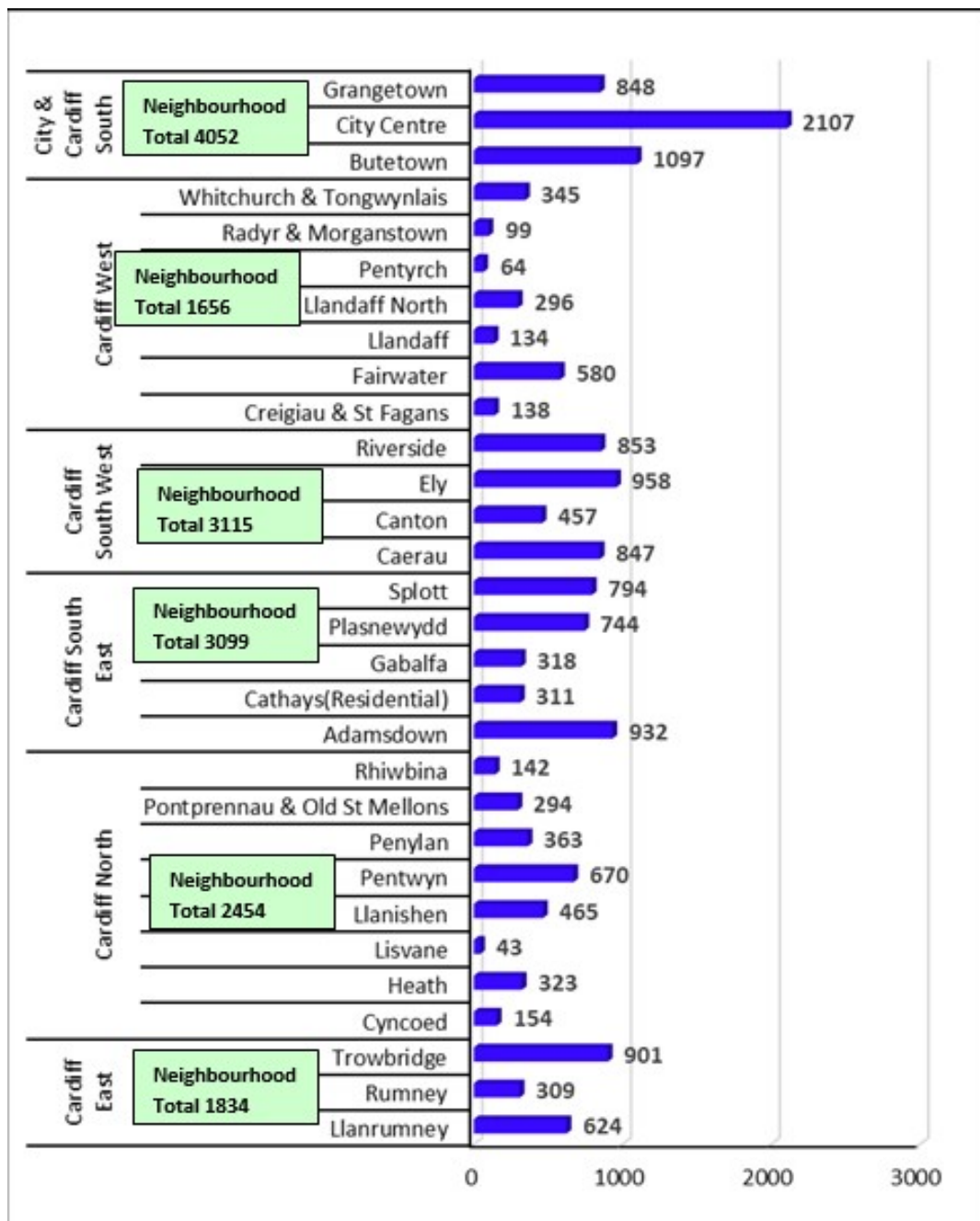
The two main categories of offence during these hours are Shoplifting and Other Thefts. The offences of Other Theft relate to the Theft of Unattended Property.

In relation to the offences of Theft that have been reported between 18:00 hours and 06:00hrs the offences occurred within 65 different locations within the City centre, the following table shows the top 31 locations where 4 or more offences occurred.

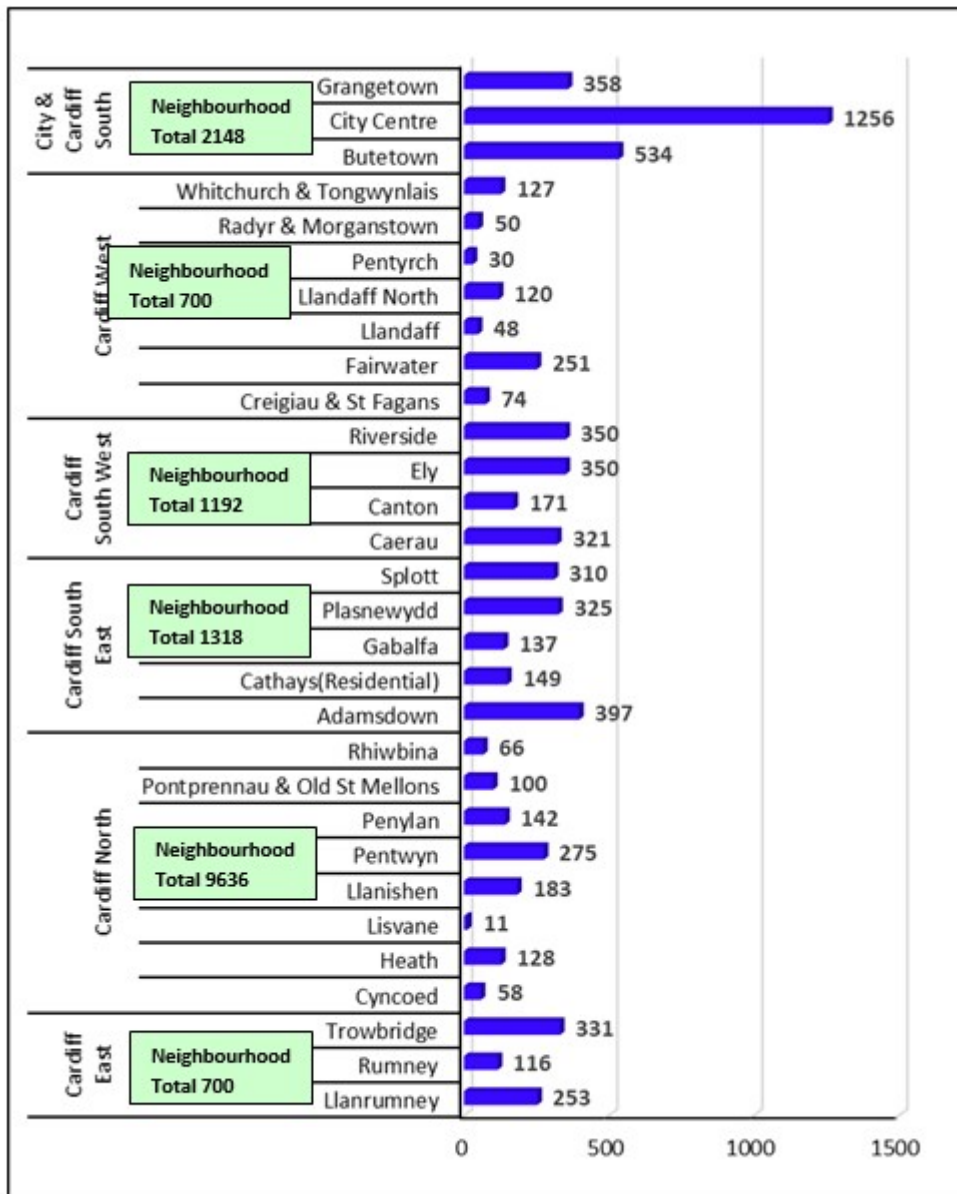
Street name	Total	Street name	Total	Street name	Total
QUEEN STREET	160	ST DAVIDS WAY	14	THE FRIARY	6
ST MARY STREET	119	ST JOHN STREET	14	CAPITOL ARCADE	5
THE HAYES	111	CAROLINE STREET	13	DUKE STREET	5
GRAND ARCADE	40	MARY ANN STREET	13	WHARTON STREET	5
PARK PLACE	40	HIGH STREET	11	BARRACK LANE	4
CASTLE STREET	26	BRIDGE STREET ARCADE	8	BLACKWEIR TERRACE	4
CENTRAL SQUARE	25	COLUM ROAD	7	COLUM DRIVE	4
WESTGATE STREET	22	KINGSWAY	7	TOWN WALL SOUTH	4
WOOD STREET	21	NORTH ROAD	7	TREDEGAR STREET	4
CHURCHILL WAY	18	WINDSOR PLACE	7	WOMANBY STREET	4
MILL LANE	18				

As stated previously the Violence Against The Person Offence Group showed a total of 2107 offences occurring within the City Centre of these 1256 or 59.6% were reported between 18:00hrs and 06:00 hrs.

During 2022/23, the City Centre accounts for 13% of the Cardiff Total Violence Against The Person offences. The following chart shows the number of offences, which have occurred within each ward it, will be noted that The City Centre area of the Cathays ward is considerably higher than the other wards within the City.



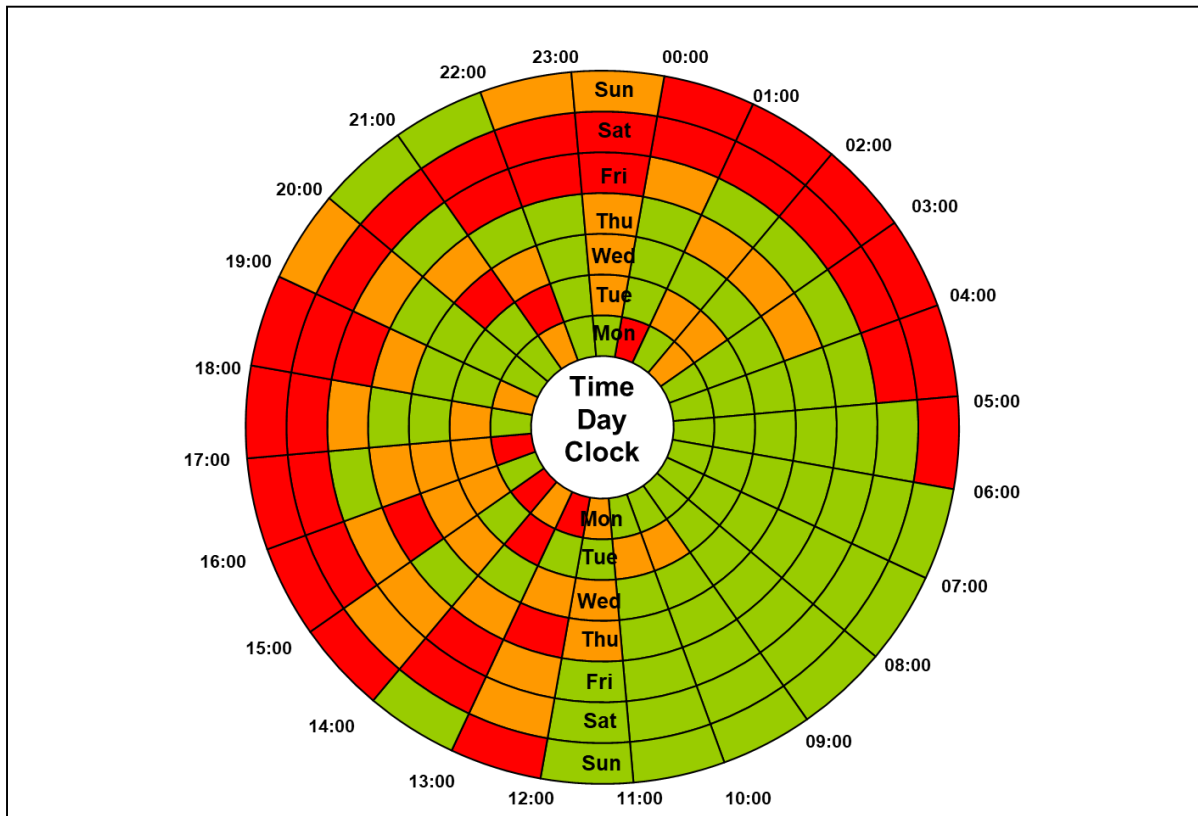
In addition to the above further analysis was carried out into offences of Violence against The Person, which occurred between 18:00 and 06:00 hours. The following chart shows the total number of offences which have occurred within each ward during this period once again it will be noted that the number of offences within the City Centre is significantly higher than the other wards within the City.



During the hours of 18:00 and 06:00 7021 offences of Violence Against the person occurred across Cardiff, these offences were recorded under 25 different offence categories. 1256 of these occurred within the City Centre, the following table shows the categories of offence which occurred within the City Centre.

Offence Category	Total	Offence Category	Total
Assault with injury	455	Harassment	8
Assault without injury	451	Racially or religiously aggravated assault with injury	7
Public fear, alarm, or distress	166	Racially or religiously aggravated assault without injury	7
Racially or religiously aggravated public fear, alarm, or distress	42	Possession of other weapons	4
Assault without injury on a constable	36	Threats to kill	3
Assault with intent to cause serious harm	19	Controlling and coercive behaviour	2
Malicious Communications	16	Endangering Life	1
Assault with Injury on a Constable	13	Kidnapping	1
Possession of article with blade or point	13	Murder	1
Stalking	11		

The following chart is a Day/Time range chart, which shows the times of day when the offences are reported, within the City Centre. The green areas are where there are under 10 offences reported, Amber is where between 10 and 15 offences are reported and the Red areas are when more than 15 offences have been reported.



It will be noted that there are various hotspot times throughout the week however the main periods are between 21:00 hours on a Friday and 05:00 on a Saturday and between 15:00 hours on a Saturday and 06:00 hours on a Sunday. Another hotspot periods are from 1400 hrs to 19:00 hrs on a Sunday.

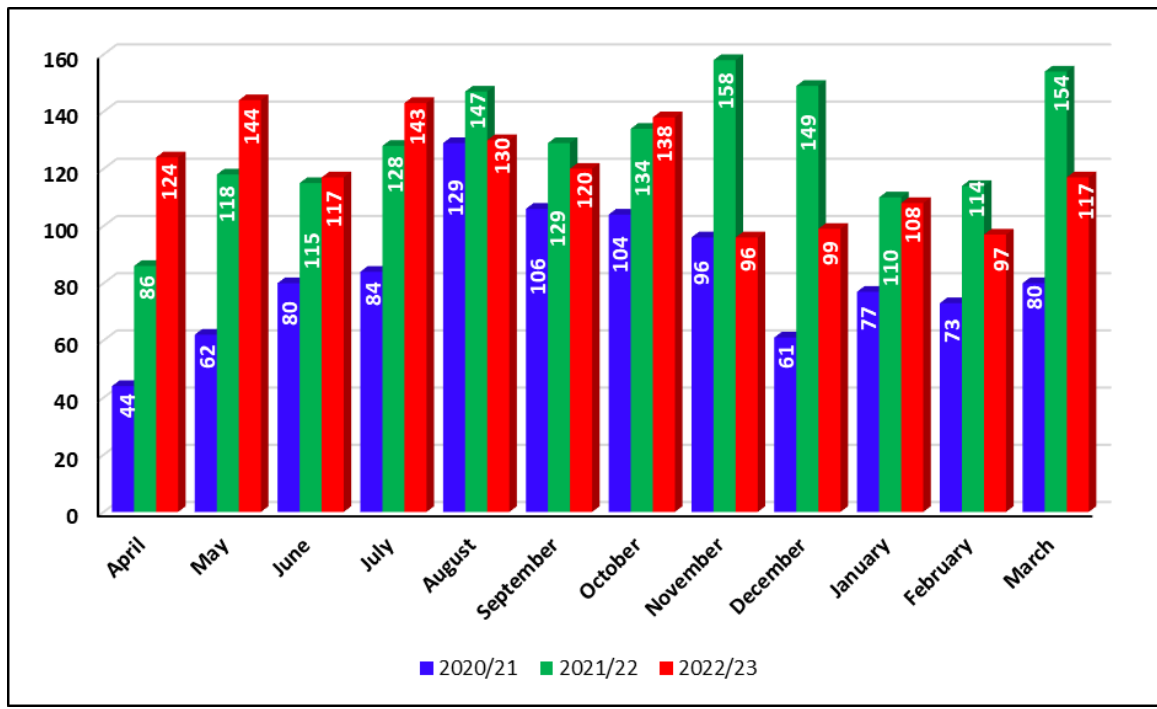
The offences, which took place between 18:00 hours and 06:00 hours within the City Centre occurred at 83 different locations within the City centre, the following table shows the top 36 streets where five or more offences occurred.

Street name	Total	Street name	Total	Street name	Total
ST MARY STREET	321	NORTH ROAD	19	CHURCH STREET	6
QUEEN STREET	139	CENTRAL SQUARE	17	DUKE STREET	6
MILL LANE	104	ST JOHN STREET	15	GRAND ARCADE	6
PARK PLACE	94	WINDSOR PLACE	12	HAYES BRIDGE ROAD	6
CASTLE STREET	75	WOOD STREET	12	STATION TERRACE	6
CAROLINE STREET	54	CHARLES STREET	10	TREDEGAR STREET	6
WESTGATE STREET	43	BRIDGE STREET	9	CAPITOL ARCADE	5
GREYFRIARS ROAD	39	HIGH STREET	7	COLUM ROAD	5
CHURCHILL WAY	38	KING EDWARD VII AVENUE	7	CUSTOM HOUSE STREET	5
THE HAYES	30	KINGSWAY	7	ST DAVIDS CAR PARK	5
MARY ANN STREET	23	QUAY STREET	7	WHARTON STREET	5
THE FRIARY	22	BUTE TERRACE	6	WOMANBY STREET	5

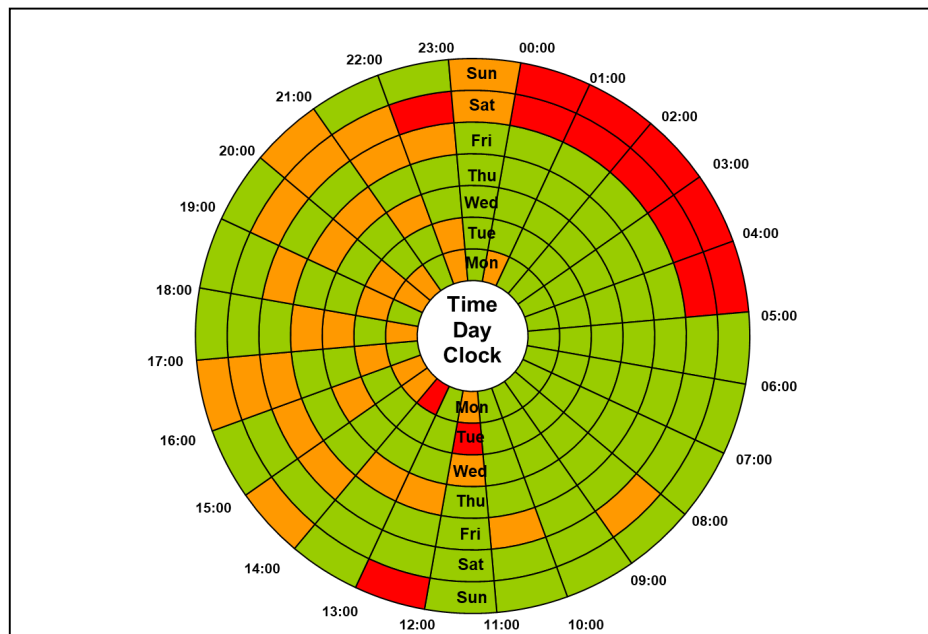
In addition to the above data, which was obtained from South Wales Police, data has been obtained from the Cardiff University Health Board in relation to persons attending the Accident & Emergency Unit (A&E) because of an assault.

For 2022/23, there have been 1433 patients who have attended the Accident & Emergency Unit because of an Assault, this compares to 1542 for the same period in 2021/22, which is a reduction of 7.1%. The following chart shows the number of patients attending A & E per month in 2022/23 with a comparison to the previous two years.

It will be seen from this chart that for the first four months of 2022/23 the totals were above the previous two years however for the remainder of the year the monthly total has been below the totals for 2021/22. It will be seen that in 2020/21 the totals were significantly lower which is believed to be due to the Covid Pandemic.

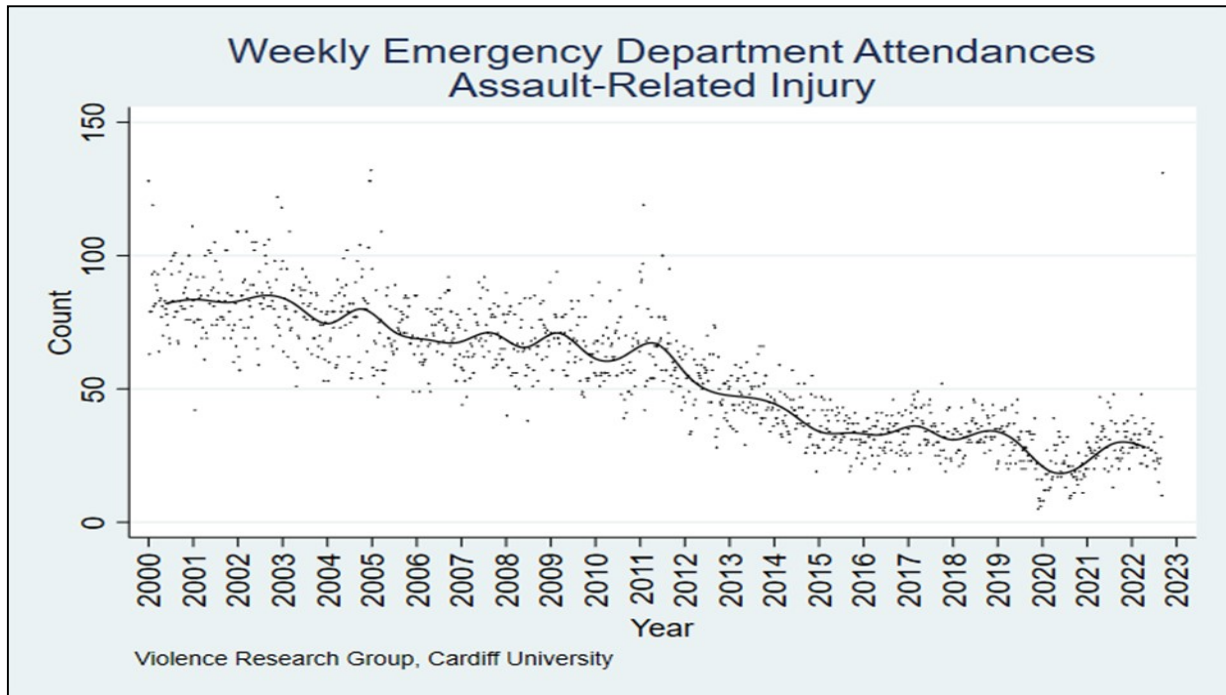


The following chart shows the time and day that patients attended the A&E department during 2022/23 as a result of an assault. The red areas are where 15 or more patients have attended whereas the Amber areas show where 10 to 14 patients attended and green is where less than ten patients attended.

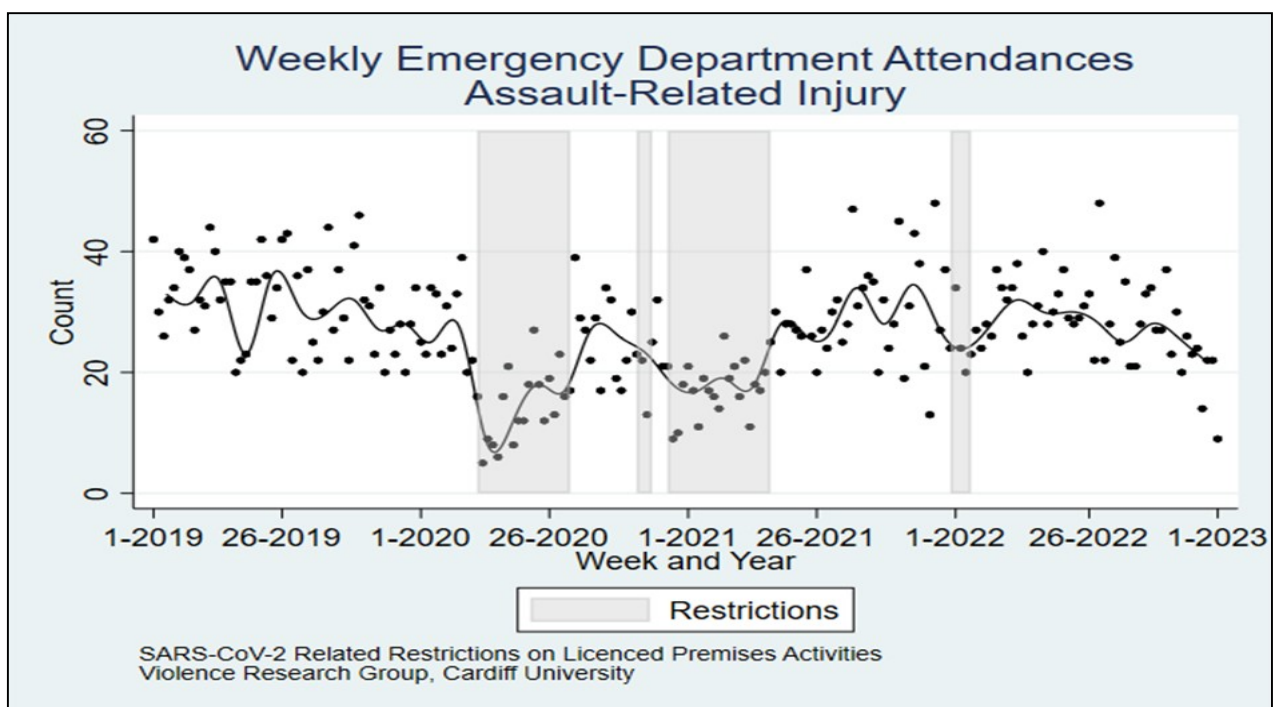


It will be noted from the above that the peak periods are between 00:00hrs and 06:00 on a Saturday and 23:00 hours on a Saturday and 06:00 hours on a Sunday. It will be noted that there is a hotspot periods on a Sunday between 12:00 hrs and 13:00hrs this period is probably due to people attending A&E because of an assault the previous night.

Further analysis has been carried out by the Cardiff University Violence in Society Research Group into the number of patients attending A&E because of an assault. The following charts show weekly violence related attendances at Cardiff University Hospital Accident & Emergency Department it will be noted that since January 2000 there has been a steady decrease in the number of attendees.



The next chart which was also prepared by Cardiff University Violence & Society Research Group and shows the Assault related Injury attendances between January 2019 and January 2023 and shows the effects of the Covid restrictions on these attendances.



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CCTV/Bodycam Footage provided by South Wales Police

All footage taken between 2020 and 2023.

CCTV Daytime

1. Castle Street at 20:34 hours – Bodycam footage of male arrested on street. Clip duration 1 minute, 17 seconds.
2. St Mary Street, 22.07.2023 at 20:55 hours – CCTV footage of flight in licensed premises. Clip duration 40 seconds.
3. St Mary Street, 23.04.2023 at 18:15 hours – CCTV footage of flight outside of licensed premises. Clip duration 3 minute, 59 seconds.
4. St Mary Street, 12.02.2022 at 17:25 hours – Bodycam footage of drunk male being arrested for drunk and disorderly. Clip duration 2 minute, 30 seconds.
5. St Mary Street at 16:28 hours – Bodycam footage of male being detained on the street. Clip duration 1 minute and 5 seconds.
6. St Mary Street at 17:47 hours – Bodycam footage of violent male arrested outside licensed premises. Clip duration 1 minute.
7. St Mary Street, 03.09.2022 at 17:03 hours – Bodycam footage of violent male resisting arrested. Clip duration 5 minutes, 30 seconds.
8. St Mary Street at 19:42 hours – Bodycam footage of drunk male arrested for drunk and disorderly. Clip duration 4 minutes, 15 seconds.

Night-time economy (NTE)

1. St Mary Street at 22:24 hours – Bodycam footage of two males fighting, injuries sustained. Clip duration 2 minutes and 20 seconds.
2. St Mary Street at 22:24 hours – CCTV footage of fight on the street. Clip duration 23 seconds.
3. St Mary Street at 00:44 hours – CCTV footage of fight on the street outside. Clip duration 3 minutes.
4. Custom House Street, 23:14 hours – Bodycam footage of violent male being arrested. Clip duration 3 minutes.
5. Mill Lane, 30.02.2022 at 03:06 hours – Bodycam footage of violence and resisting arrest. Clip duration 9 minute, 28 seconds.
6. St Mary Street at 22:10 hours – Bodycam footage of drunk male arguing with police.
7. St Mary Street, 27.11.2022 – CCTV footage of serious assault in licensed premises. Clip duration 2 minute, 17 seconds

8. Castle Street, 05.03.2023 at 01:46 hours – Licensed premises CCTV footage of serious assault. Clip duration 31 seconds.
9. Brewery Quarter at 01:06 hours – Licensed premises CCTV footage of serious assault. Clip duration 1 minute 14 seconds.
10. Brewery Quarter, 25.06.2023 at 02:00 hours – Licensed premises CCTV footage of female being aggressive towards door supervisors and being removed from the premises. Clip duration 1 minute, 44 seconds.
11. St Mary Steet at 03:30 hours – Licensed premises CCTV footage of fight at premises. Clip duration 26 seconds.

Late Night Refreshment

1. St Mary Street, late night refreshment venue at 04:00 hours. Assault taking place. Clip duration 1 minute and 17 seconds.
2. Castle Street, late night refreshment venue on 05.03.2023 at 01:46 hours. Assault outside the premises. Clip duration 31 seconds.
3. Caroline Street at 03:37 hours. Street CCTV footage showing large crowds and a fight breaking out. Evidence of litter on the street. Clip duration 1 minute, 27 seconds.
4. Caroline Street at 01:56 hours. Street CCTV footage showing fighting on the street outside late-night refreshment venues. Clip duration 1 minute, 56 seconds.
5. Caroline Street, 17.08.2022 at 02:49 hours. Late night refreshment venue CCTV footage showing incident at premises involving a weapon. Clip duration 5 minutes, 5 seconds.
6. Queen Street at 02:49 hours. Late night refreshment venue CCTV footage showing assault. Clip duration 1 minute, 7 seconds.
7. St Mary Street, 29.07.2023 at 03:58 hours. CCTV footage from outside late-night refreshment venue showing customers being removed from premises assault taking place between customers and door supervisors.
8. St Mary Street at 00:44 hours. Street CCTV footage shows large crowds with a fight breaking out. Clip duration 3 minutes (same footage as NTE 3).

Street Drinking

1. St Mary Street, 03.08.2023 at 23:56 hours. Bodycam footage of abusive male being arrested. Clip duration 2 minutes.
2. St Mary Street at 13:36 hours. Bodycam footage showing male drinking in the street and being dealt with by Police for urinating in the street. Clip duration 4 minutes, 22 seconds.
3. St Mary Street, 06.06.2023 at 06:30 hours. Licensed premises CCTV footage showing altercation between street drinkers and staff. Clip duration 2 minutes, 20 seconds.

4. St Mary Street, 08.04.2022 at 17:52 hours. CCTV footage showing street drinkers fighting on the street. Clip duration 4 minutes, 33 seconds.

- 4B. Westgate Street, 04.08.2022 at 18:03 hours. Bodycam footage of male street drinker being arrested for affray. Clip duration 2 minutes, 5 seconds.

5. Queen Street at 17:35 hours. Bodycam footage of female street drinker being abusive to Police after shoplifting alcohol. Clip duration 1 minute, 15 seconds.

- 5B. St Mary Street at 18:14 hours. Bodycam footage of female street drinker being arrested. Clip duration 1 minute, 26 seconds.

6. The Hayes at 18:15 hours. Bodycam footage shows female street drinker being arrested for public order offence. Clip duration 3 minutes, 15 seconds.

- 6B. Caroline Street at 18:18 hours. Bodycam footage shows same female street drinker above being taken into Police van. Clip duration 1 minute, 34 seconds.

7. St Mary Street, 03.05.2022 at 17:15 hours. Bodycam footage shows male street drinker arrested. Clip duration 4 minutes.

8. St Mary Street, 30.04.2022 at 16:14 hours. Bodycam footage shows male street drinker being arrested on warrant and being abusive. Clip duration 4 minutes, 14 seconds.

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Cardiff & Vale BCU

Offence statistics for late night Economy, takeaways & Off- licences in Cardiff City Centre.

SJC/1

Author – Steven COURT SWP54906

OFFICIAL-SENSITIVE

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report has been commissioned to examine offence statistics in Cardiff city centre during night-time economy, at takeaway premises and at off-licences.

The report will make comparisons relating to volume over the last four years, which will highlight any changes prior to, during and post Covid restrictions.

KEY FINDINGS

Not Applicable

RECOMMENDATIONS

To be completed after consultation with the report owner.

HANDLING

This document is graded as **Official-sensitive** under the government security Classification (GSC) and must be handled accordingly. Further dissemination must **NOT** take place without the prior consent of Report Owner.

METHODOLOGY

All offences linked to Cardiff city centre were extracted via Nexus for the years 2019, 2020, 2021 and 2022. Offences relating to public order, sexual offences, violent crime, drugs and theft, together with incidents of Anti-Social Behaviour were then extracted from this data set.

Premises that had a name attached to them were then manually examined to identify any premises that could be regarded as a 'Takeaway' or off-licence.

Each category has a different time period with Night-time economy being between 18:00hrs and 06:00hrs, takeaways being between 23:00hrs and 05:00hrs and Off-licences being between 107:00hrs and 02:00hrs. To facilitate this the reporting times were split into hourly periods.

The figures supplied in this report are not official South Wales Police (SWP) figures and care should be exercised when quoting them. The lowest level of granularity that SWP figures are officially recorded at, are 'Beat' level.

These figures should not be released outside of the force without the permission of the person who compiled the report.

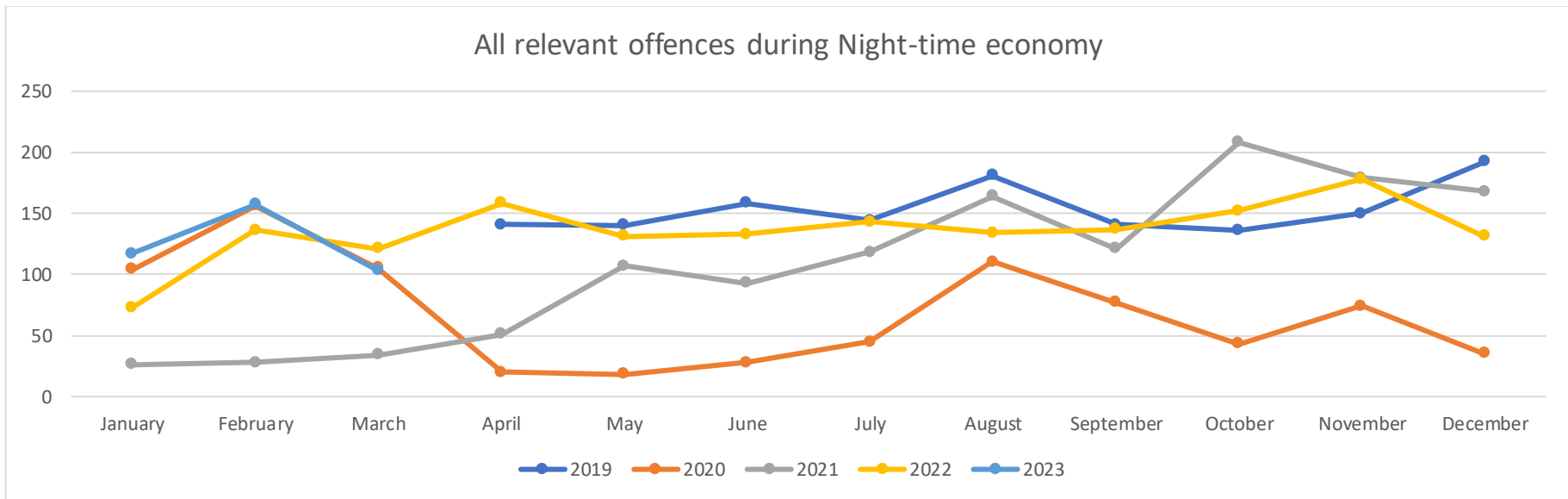
ANALYSIS

006.1 Night-time economy 18:00 to 06:00 (Night time)

The below figures relate to all requested offences within Cardiff city centre between 18:00hrs and 06:00hrs, that have been recorded as Violence, Drugs, Sexual offences and Public order. The data covers the period of 1st April 2019 and 31st March 2023 and includes a table of incidents relating to Anti-Social Behaviour. There was a noticeable decrease in offences during 2020, when Covid restrictions were in force; however, any breach of these restrictions were generally recorded under the occurrence categories for ASB.

Total relevant offences between 18:00hrs and 06:00hrs

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Grand Total
2019				141	140	158	144	181	141	136	150	192	1383
2020	104	156	105	20	18	28	45	110	77	43	74	35	815
2021	26	28	34	51	107	93	118	164	121	208	179	168	1297
2022	73	136	121	158	131	133	143	134	137	152	178	131	1627
2023	117	157	103										377
Grand Total	320	477	363	370	396	412	450	589	476	539	581	526	5499



Year	18:00 to 18:59	19:00 to 19:59	20:00 to 20:59	21:00 to 21:59	22:00 to 22:59	23:00 to 23:59	00:00 to 00:59	01:00 to 01:59	02:00 to 02:59	03:00 to 03:59	04:00 to 04:59	05:00 to 05:59	Grand Total
2019	109	113	111	116	113	138	134	167	161	99	72	50	1383
2020	110	94	87	90	90	64	82	61	44	50	30	13	815
2021	100	104	129	119	126	121	116	141	111	118	64	48	1297
2022	135	125	113	144	147	157	150	171	157	153	113	62	1627
2023	22	21	38	29	22	35	43	48	55	31	19	14	377
Grand Total	476	457	478	498	498	515	525	588	528	451	298	187	5499

Street	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Grand Total
ST MARY STREET	336	196	299	398	99	1328
QUEEN STREET	186	104	160	181	28	659
CASTLE STREET	77	37	79	95	23	311
MILL LANE	83	24	33	120	22	282
PARK PLACE	74	12	54	107	24	271
GREYFRIARS ROAD	80	30	70	47	15	242
CHURCHILL WAY	46	42	47	50	11	196
CAROLINE STREET	35	13	37	48	19	152
THE HAYES	33	29	28	38	15	143
WESTGATE STREET	32	23	27	51	8	141
KNOX ROAD	9	19	53	44	8	133
NORTH ROAD	21	24	21	24	7	97
MARY ANN STREET	23	8	16	31	6	84
CENTRAL SQUARE	9	12	29	21	5	76
THE FRIARY	18	9	11	29	3	70
WOOD STREET	19	11	17	16	7	70
ST JOHN STREET	15	8	20	20	3	66
KINGSWAY	15	14	13	11	3	56
KING EDWARD VII AVENUE	9	15	11	13	6	54

BUTE TERRACE	13	15	11	10	3	52
COLUM ROAD	11	6	21	9	3	50
CHURCH STREET	16	8	8	12	1	45
WINDSOR PLACE	3	8	14	19	1	45
HIGH STREET	10	7	18	8	1	44
CUSTOM HOUSE STREET	14	11	10	8		43
WOMANBY STREET	12	2	12	14	2	42
CHARLES STREET	6	6	5	13	1	31
WORKING STREET	6	7	5	12	1	31
ADAMSCROFT PLACE	2	5	8	9		24
WHARTON STREET	6	5	5	5	2	23
TREDEGAR STREET	4	3	7	5	4	23
CAPITOL ARCADE	5	1	6	8	2	22
NEWPORT ROAD	12	2	5	2	1	22
BAKERS ROW	3	10	3	5	1	22
BRIDGE STREET	4	2	6	6	3	21
GRAND ARCADE	2	3	7	7	2	21
BUTE STREET	3	7	3	6	1	20
BARRACK LANE	5	4	7	3	1	20
PENARTH ROAD	3	3	7	5		18
STATION TERRACE	4	1	3	7	2	17
ST DAVIDS WAY	5	6	4	2		17
QUAY STREET	5	3	1	5	2	16
SAUNDERS ROAD	3	3	4	1	3	14
PELLETT STREET	3	1	6	3	1	14
GORSEDD GARDENS ROAD	6		3	4	1	14
DUMFRIES PLACE	4	3	1	5		13
BLACKWEIR TERRACE	2	2	6	2	1	13
ADAM STREET	1	3	2	6	1	13

DUKE STREET	3	1	2	5	1	12
MUSEUM PLACE	5	3	3	1		12
DAVID STREET	3		4	4		11
DOMINIONS ARCADE		2	4	4		10
BOULEVARD DE NANTES	5		2	3		10
BRIDGE STREET ARCADE	3	3			3	9
DAVIS STREET	7	2				9
MAINDY ROAD	5	1	2	1		9
CITY HALL ROAD	5	1	1	1		8
GREAT WESTERN LANE	1	1	3	3		8
PARK STREET	3		1	4		8
HAYES BRIDGE ROAD	1	1		4	2	8
PARK GROVE	3	2	2	1		8
THARSIS CLOSE		3	3	2		8
HILL'S STREET	3	3	1			7
CORBETT ROAD		4	1	2		7
TOWN WALL SOUTH	1	1	1	2	1	6
GREYFRIARS PLACE	1		2	2	1	6
MUSEUM AVENUE	2			3		5
TRINITY STREET	3			2		5
WINDSOR ROAD	1		1	2	1	5
WINDSOR LANE	1		3	1		5
GOLATE	2		2			4
NORTH LUTON PLACE		1	1	1	1	4
ROYAL ARCADE	1			2	1	4
ST ANDREW'S PLACE			1	3		4
CASTLE ARCADE		1	2	1		4
LLYS Y GORED DDU			3		1	4
BLACKWEIR ACCESS ROAD	1	1		1		3

CARDIFF			2	1		3
SOUTH LUTON PLACE			2	1		3
ST ANDREW'S CRESCENT				3		3
HAYES ARCADE	1	1		1		3
COWBRIDGE ROAD EAST		1		2		3
COLUM DRIVE	1	1			1	3
MORGAN ARCADE			3			3
WOOD STREET SERVICE LANE	1	1	1			3
COLUM PLACE			2	1		3
HILLS STREET			3			3
MARLBOROUGH TERRACE			1	1		2
VICTORIA PLACE	2					2
HIGH STREET ARCADE	1				1	2
GREAT WESTERN LANE				1	1	2
GUILDFORD STREET	1				1	2
GOLATE STREET				2		2
CATHEDRAL WALK		1			1	2
FREDERICK STREET	1	1				2
CROCKHERBTOWN LANE	1		1			2
FITZALAN ROAD	1			1		2
PELLET STREET	1		1			2
DUMFRIES PLACE CAR PARK ACCESS	1			1		2
GUILDFORD CRESCENT			1	1		2
STUTTGARTER STRASSE		1	1			2
QUEENS ARCADE		1	1			2
NORTH EDWARD STREET	1			1		2
WYNDHAM ARCADE					2	2
CUSTOMHOUSE STREET			1		1	2
ST JOHNS STREET	2					2

STREET MARY STREET		1	1			2
COLLEGE ROAD	1			1		2
WINDSOR PLACE (PLAS WINDSOR)	1					1
JAMES STREET		1				1
CARDIFF CASTLE GROUNDS				1		1
PARK LANE					1	1
BUTE PARK ACCESS BRIDGE		1				1
SANDON STREET			1			1
ST DAVID'S CENTRE		1				1
MILLENNIUM PLAZA		1				1
CAPITOL SHOPPING CENTRE	1					1
RUBY STREET			1			1
HOPE STREET			1			1
MERTHYR STREET			1			1
OLD ARCADE					1	1
BARRACKS LANE		1				1
THE HAYS			1			1
ST DAVIDS CENTRE	1					1
QUEEN ANNE SQUARE				1		1
DUKE STREET ARCADE				1		1
WESLEY LANE	1					1
ST ANDREW'S LANE			1			1
CAPITOL CENTRE CAR PARK ENTRANCE				1		1
TALYBONT COURT				1		1
CANAL STREET				1		1
QUEENS ARCADE	1					1
PROUD MARYS CARDIFF				1		1
MAINDY MEWS	1					1
SALISBURY ROAD	1					1

DEAD MAN'S ALLEY				1		1
BOULEVARD DE NANTES	1					1
NFA					1	1
HERBERT STREET	1					1
CATHAYS TERRACE			1			1
BARRY LANE	1					1
LIBERTY SEVERN POINT			1			1
ST. ANDREWS CRESCENT		1				1
GUILDHALL PLACE					1	1
CITY ROAD	1					1
ADAMS COURT				1		1
ST. ANDREWS PLACE	1					1

Public Order offences between 18:00hrs and 06:00hrs

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Grand Total
2019				28	24	24	31	35	21	26	29	38	256
2020	20	23	16	4	3	10	16	25	17	11	14	9	168
2021	3	7	4	10	16	18	26	21	21	32	15	32	205
2022	13	19	15	17	19	19	26	28	24	21	29	17	247
2023	21	19	15										55
Grand Total	57	68	50	59	62	71	99	109	83	90	87	96	931

- It should be noted that generally public order offences are only recorded as a crime when a person is apprehended.

Drugs offences between 18:00hrs and 06:00hrs

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Grand Total
2019				6	12	13	17	32	19	20	11	25	155
2020	9	22	9	1	6	3	5	15	13	8	4	3	98
2021	7	6	8	18	10	11	11	13	9	16	8	11	128
2022	6	8	4	16	7	7	6	7	8	9	8	8	94
2023	11	6	5										22
Grand Total	33	42	26	41	35	34	39	67	49	53	31	47	497

- It should be noted that generally drug related offences are only recorded as a crime when a person is apprehended.

Sexual Offences between 18:00hrs and 06:00hrs

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Grand Total
2019				9	8	10	9	10	8	7	16	12	89
2020	7	18	6	3	2	4	4	10	2	5	6	2	69
2021	4	2	4	6	12	7	9	19	11	27	18	18	137
2022	5	22	11	21	16	17	15	18	17	13	25	16	196
2023	10	13	13										36
Grand Total	26	55	34	39	38	38	37	57	38	52	65	48	527

Violent crime offences between 18:00hrs and 06:00hrs

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Grand Total
2019				98	96	111	87	104	93	83	94	117	883
2020	68	93	74	12	7	11	20	60	45	19	50	21	480
2021	12	13	18	17	69	57	72	111	80	133	138	107	827
2022	49	87	91	104	89	90	96	81	88	109	116	90	1090
2023	75	119	70										264
Grand Total	204	312	253	231	261	269	275	356	306	344	398	335	3544

Anti-Social Behaviour occurrences between 18:00hrs and 06:00hrs

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Grand Total
2019				54	54	53	57	59	66	70	75	70	558
2020	53	66	43	24	36	19	39	55	39	41	71	33	519
2021	31	36	55	32	63	49	40	40	60	53	46	55	560
2022	32	44	37	30	45	30	35	40	38	42	38	47	458
2023	35	37	28										100
Grand Total	151	183	163	140	198	151	171	194	203	206	230	205	2195

- Covid related offences were generally recorded as ASB.

006.1 Night-time economy 06:00 to 18:00 (daytime)

The below figures relate to all requested offences within Cardiff city centre between 06:00hrs and 18:00hrs, that have been recorded as Violence, Drugs, Sexual offences and Public order. The data covers the period of 1st April 2019 and 31st March 2023 and includes a table of incidents relating to Anti-Social Behaviour. There was a noticeable decrease in offences during 2020, when Covid restrictions were in force; however, any breach of these restrictions were generally recorded under the occurrence categories for ASB.

Total relevant offences between 06:00hrs and 18:00hrs

Year	06:00 to 06:59	07:00 to 07:59	08:00 to 08:59	09:00 to 09:59	10:00 to 10:59	11:00 to 11:59	12:00 to 12:59	13:00 to 13:59	14:00 to 14:59	15:00 to 15:59	16:00 to 16:59	17:00 to 17:59	Grand Total
2019	24	42	54	83	86	88	107	124	120	115	108	119	1070
2020	22	22	57	70	83	107	83	109	106	140	125	120	1044
2021	26	41	55	71	106	74	115	121	128	125	115	95	1072
2022	32	39	59	76	89	113	115	146	141	131	123	127	1191
2023	7	14	7	15	16	26	32	29	32	24	36	28	266
Grand Total	111	158	232	315	380	408	452	529	527	535	507	489	4643

Street	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Grand Total
QUEEN STREET	129	196	169	181	44	719
ST MARY STREET	161	139	152	213	38	703
KNOX ROAD	162	159	118	65	17	521
CASTLE STREET	34	46	43	56	16	195
THE HAYES	41	29	39	62	17	188
PARK PLACE	32	14	37	42	10	135
WESTGATE STREET	38	22	25	42	7	134
NORTH ROAD	23	34	21	29	4	111
KING EDWARD VII AVENUE	22	34	27	18	5	106
CHURCHILL WAY	28	24	21	25	7	105
CENTRAL SQUARE	12	23	36	23	5	99
MILL LANE	17	9	12	37	11	86
GREYFRIARS ROAD	23	8	29	10	3	73
COLUM ROAD	12	14	26	18	2	72
CAROLINE STREET	10	7	10	34	3	64
CHARLES STREET	16	11	15	18	1	61

WOOD STREET	17	11	12	11	2	53
BUTE TERRACE	10	13	12	12	5	52
ST JOHN STREET	14	10	14	8	5	51
KINGSWAY	10	5	17	13	5	50
CUSTOM HOUSE STREET	7	23	10	5	3	48
ST DAVIDS WAY	14	5	13	11	2	45
PARK STREET	16	9	7	9		41
GRAND ARCADE	8	9	9	9	6	41
ADAMSCROFT PLACE	4	7	11	13	1	36
THE FRIARY	5	9	13	6	2	35
MARY ANN STREET	8	7	4	13	2	34
WINDSOR PLACE	5	8	7	11	2	33
CAPITOL ARCADE	8	8	8	9		33
WORKING STREET	11	7	7	7		32
HIGH STREET	8	7	2	12	1	30
QUEENS ARCADE	2	8	5	4	6	25
GORSEDD GARDENS ROAD	9		8	6	1	24
QUAY STREET	7	2	4	10		23
TREDEGAR STREET	3	6	3	8	2	22
CHURCH STREET	6	4	2	8	1	21
NEWPORT ROAD	12	4	3	2		21
DAVID STREET	7	1	2	9		19
BARRACK LANE	3	5	6		3	17
BRIDGE STREET ARCADE	4	1	7	5		17
STATION TERRACE	5	5	3	1	3	17
TRINITY STREET	4	7	3	2		16
WOMANBY STREET	5	2	4	2	2	15
WHARTON STREET	3	3		6	2	14
BAKERS ROW	4	2	2	5	1	14

DUKE STREET	2	4	3	4		13
WINDSOR ROAD	4		3	6		13
BUTE STREET	6	4	2	1		13
DAVIS STREET	4		3	5	1	13
BLACKWEIR TERRACE	1	3	5	3		12
NORTH LUTON PLACE	7	3	2			12
HILL'S STREET	1	5	1	4		11
DUMFRIES PLACE	3	4	2	1		10
CITY HALL ROAD	2	1	3	4		10
BRIDGE STREET			2	7	1	10
PELLETT STREET	4	2	2	1	1	10
ADAM STREET		4	2	3		9
ROYAL ARCADE	1		1	5	2	9
LLYS Y GORED DDU		1	5	2	1	9
HAYES ARCADE			3	2	4	9
PENARTH ROAD	1	4	4			9
MAINDY ROAD	2	2	1	2	2	9
COLLEGE ROAD	2	2	3	1		8
COLUM PLACE		6	1	1		8
HAYES BRIDGE ROAD			5	2	1	8
BLACKWEIR ACCESS ROAD	1	4		2		7
SAUNDERS ROAD	5		2			7
FITZALAN ROAD		2	1	3		6
BUTE PARK ACCESS BRIDGE			2	4		6
BOULEVARD DE NANTES	1	4		1		6
DOMINIONS ARCADE	1		1	4		6
WINDSOR LANE	1	2	2			5
THARSIS CLOSE	1	1		2	1	5
ST. MARY STREET	2	2		1		5

PARK GROVE	1	2	2			5
GREAT WESTERN LANE	1		2	2		5
WOOD STREET SERVICE LANE	2	1	1	1		5
CASTLE ARCADE	1	3				4
MUSEUM AVENUE	1		2	1		4
COWBRIDGE ROAD EAST			2	2		4
CATHEDRAL WALK	1		1	1	1	4
SOUTH LUTON PLACE	2	1	1			4
WESLEY LANE	2		1			3
CARDIFF			1	2		3
MORGAN ARCADE	1		1	1		3
ST ANDREW'S PLACE		1	2			3
NORTH EDWARD STREET		3				3
ST DAVIDS CENTRE		3				3
WYNDHAM ARCADE	1		1	1		3
CORBETT ROAD		2		1		3
PARK LANE	2				1	3
GUILDHALL PLACE	1	1	1			3
ST ANDREW'S CRESCENT	2	1				3
GUILDFORD STREET			1	1		2
HILLS STREET		2				2
KINGSWAY SERVICE ROAD	1		1			2
CROCKHERBTOWN LANE		1	1			2
HAVELOCK STREET					2	2
QUEENS ARCADE, QUEEN STREET	2					2
GORSEDD GARDENS	2					2
DUKE STREET ARCADE				2		2
CASTLE STREET	1		1			2
TOWNWALL		1				1

SALISBURY ROAD	1				1
CANAL STREET			1		1
CATHAYS PARK	1				1
THE FRIARY AND QUEEN STREET	1				1
CAPITAL SHOPPING CENTRE QUEEN STREET		1			1
IPSWICH ROAD			1		1
GREYFRIARS PLACE				1	1
MUSEUM PLACE				1	1
CITY CENTRE			1		1
C42				1	1
CENTRAL MARKET	1				1
CARDIFF CITY CENTRE	1				1
ST ANDREW'S LANE				1	1
QUEEN'S ARCADE				1	1
ST ANDREWS PLACE				1	1
WESTGATE STREET	1				1
MORGAN STREET	1				1
ADAMS COURT	1				1
ST DAVIDS 2				1	1
QUEEN STREET (HEOL Y FRENHINES)			1		1
HIGH STREET ARCADE				1	1
STUART STREE				1	1
ST DAVIDS SHOPPING CENTRE				1	1
DUMFRIES PLACE CAR PARK ACCESS	1				1
BUTE TERRACE (A4160)		1			1
THE GOLATE		1			1
CAPITOL SHOPPING CENTRE, QUEEN STREET			1		1
TOWN WALL SOUTH			1		1

ST JOHNS STREET				1		1
FITZALAN PLACE				1		1
BARRACKS LANE			1			1
WALLICH CLIFFORD COMMUNITY,				1		1
ADAM STREET (A4160)			1			1
FREDERICK STREET	1					1
CHURCH PLACE				1		1
FRIARY GARDENS					1	1
CAPITAL SHOPPING CENTRE	1					1
GOLATE		1				1
ST. DAVIDS WAY, ST. DAVIDS CENTRE			1			1
QUEENS STREET	1					1
ST. JOHNS STREET	1					1
ST MARY STREET (HEOL EGLWYS FAIR)	1					1
CAPITOL SHOPPING CENTRE, QUEEN STREET		1				1
ST MARY STREET (HEOL EGLWYS FAIR) (A470)			1			1
ST. ANDREWS PLACE			1			1
SCOTT ROAD				1		1
Grand Total	1069	1044	1072	1191	266	4642

Public Order offences between 06:00hrs and 18:00hrs

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Grand Total
2019				35	40	30	34	32	24	46	18	37	296
2020	30	29	26	10	22	19	41	39	31	23	23	19	312
2021	17	8	29	23	29	30	25	22	23	23	33	22	284
2022	24	18	21	25	45	26	29	31	18	29	28	17	311
2023	21	24	20										65
Grand Total	92	79	96	93	136	105	129	124	96	121	102	95	1268

- It should be noted that generally public order offences are only recorded as a crime when a person is apprehended.

Drugs offences between 06:00hrs and 18:00hrs

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Grand Total
2019				10	12	11	9	15	6	13	10	17	103
2020	18	15	4	4	8	6	17	18	9	17	13	8	137
2021	12	4	10	8	10	13	13	6	5	8	7	9	105
2022	8	4	1	5	11	8	5	3	11	5	12	11	84
2023	8	12	9										29
Grand Total	46	35	24	27	41	38	44	42	31	43	42	45	458

- It should be noted that generally drug related offences are only recorded as a crime when a person is apprehended.

Sexual Offences between 06:00hrs and 18:00hrs

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Grand Total
2019				7	19	7	10	9	9	13	9	9	92
2020	7	11	8	9	4	5	7	4	12	5	3	6	81
2021	4	7	4	8	8	5	8	7	15	11	8	9	94
2022	5	8	7	5	6	9	14	11	8	12	7	4	96
2023	6	7	10										23
Grand Total	22	33	29	29	37	26	39	31	44	41	27	28	386

Violent crime offences between 06:00hrs and 18:00hrs

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Grand Total
2019				60	55	71	64	78	63	67	49	71	578
2020	56	67	45	43	19	25	38	48	44	47	52	30	514
2021	32	21	30	28	46	40	43	61	44	86	92	66	589
2022	50	64	60	59	62	60	71	50	56	70	63	35	700
2023	39	57	53										149
Grand Total	177	209	188	190	182	196	216	237	207	270	256	202	2530

Anti-Social Behaviour occurrences between 06:00hrs and 18:00hrs

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Grand Total
2019				84	71	105	106	89	73	87	58	76	749
2020	85	76	61	45	97	86	91	79	50	57	115	43	885
2021	57	36	85	67	86	68	38	60	46	39	39	55	676
2022	45	51	29	50	51	37	38	50	35	55	42	34	517
2023	32	35	39										106
Grand Total	219	198	214	246	305	296	273	278	204	238	254	208	2933

- Covid related offences were generally recorded as ASB.

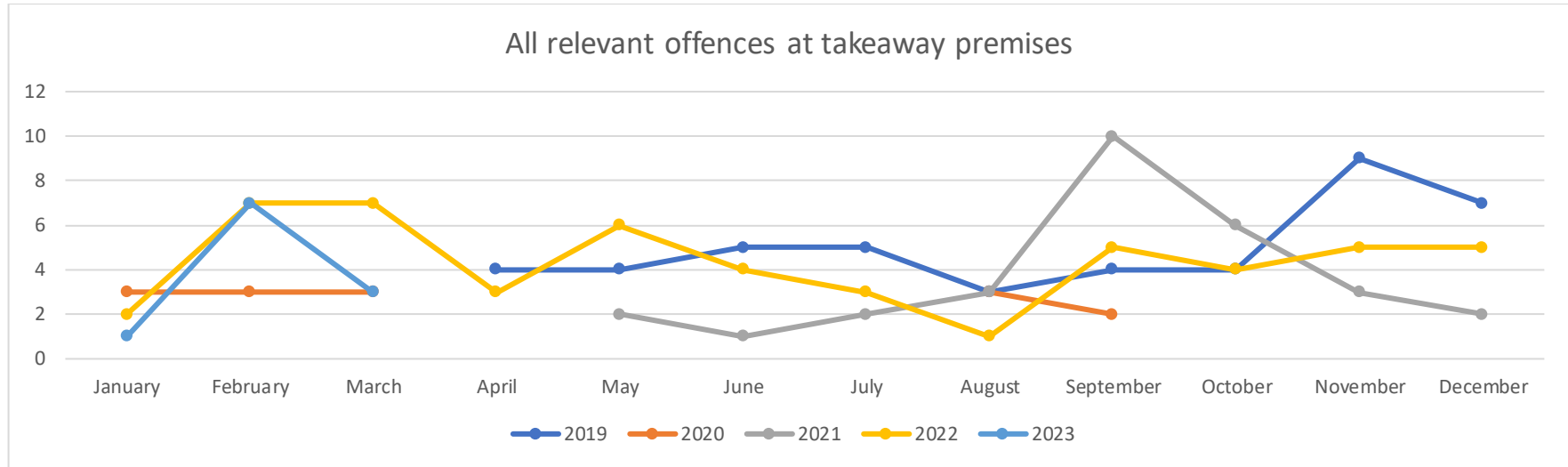
6.2 Takeaways

This data relies on the premises names being recorded on the police data systems and manual examination of all data to identify potential takeaway premises.

The below figures relate to all requested offences at 'takeaway' premises within Cardiff city centre between 23:00hrs and 05:00hrs, that have been recorded as Violence, Drugs, Sexual offences and Public order. The data covers the period of 1st April 2019 and 31st March 2023 and includes a table of incidents relating to Anti-Social Behaviour.

Total relevant offences between 23:00hrs and 05:00hrs

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Grand Total
2019				4	4	5	5	3	4	4	9	7	45
2020	3	3	3					3	2				14
2021					2	1	2	3	10	6	3	2	29
2022	2	7	7	3	6	4	3	1	5	4	5	5	52
2023	1	7	3										11
Grand Total	6	17	13	7	12	10	10	10	21	14	17	14	151



Year	23:00 to 23:59	00:00 to 00:59	01:00 to 01:59	02:00 to 02:59	03:00 to 03:59	04:00 to 04:59	Grand Total
2019	7	2	11	12	9	4	45
2020	2	6	2		3	1	14
2021		3	7	2	14	3	29
2022	9	7	8	5	15	8	52
2023	2	1	1	4		3	11
Grand Total	20	19	29	23	41	19	151

Takeaways	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Grand Total
MCDONALDS QUEEN STREET	17	7	15	15	3	57
MCDONALD'S ST MARY STREET	16	3	8	22	3	52
UNIONBURGER	4	3		2		9
DOROTHY'S FISH BAR	1			1	1	3
KFC			1	2		3
FIVE GUYS			1	2		3
MARMARIS FAST FOOD	1			1		2
CHICKEN.COM		1	1			2
BURGERKING	1			1		2
WOK 2 WALK	1		1			2
GREGGS PARK PLACE					2	2
CHOPSTIX				2		2
GREGGS ST JOHN STREET			1	1		2
TONY'S FISH BAR				1		1
STARBUCKS ST MARY STREET	1					1
GREGGS CAROLINE STREET					1	1
CHINA-CHINA	1					1
STARBUCKS THE HAYES	1					1
CAFFE NERO					1	1
HAKS FISH BAR				1		1
BEANFREAKS LTD			1			1
PARK LANE FISH BAR	1					1
GREGGS ST MARY STREET				1		1
Grand Total	45	14	29	52	11	151

Public Order offences between 23:00hrs and 05:00hrs

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Grand Total
2019				2		1	1			1	2	2	9
2020	1												1
2021								1	2	1			4
2022					1	1			1		2		5
2023		5	1										6
Grand Total	1	5	1	2	1	2	1	1	3	2	4	2	25

- It should be noted that generally public order offences are only recorded as a crime when a person is apprehended.

Drugs offences between 23:00hrs and 05:00hrs

Year	March	June	July	October	Grand Total
2019		1	1	1	3
2020	1				1
Grand Total	1	1	1	1	4

- It should be noted that generally drug related offences are only recorded as a crime when a person is apprehended.

Sexual Offences between 23:00hrs and 05:00hrs

Year	March	May	June	July	September	October	December	Grand Total
2019		1	1	2		1		5
2020	1							1
2021					1	1	1	3
2022		1	1				2	4
2023	1							1
Grand Total	2	2	2	2	1	2	3	14

Violent crime offences between 23:00hrs and 05:00hrs

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Grand Total
2019				2	3	4	3	3	4	3	7	5	34
2020	2	3	3					3	2				13
2021					2	1	2	2	7	4	3	1	22
2022	2	7	7	3	4	2	3	1	4	4	3	3	43
2023	1	2	1										4
Grand Total	5	12	11	5	9	7	8	9	17	11	13	9	116

Anti-Social Behaviour occurrences between 23:00hrs and 05:00hrs

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Grand Total
2019				1	1		1		5		2	1	11
2020	2	1	1					1	1				6
2021					2	3	1	1	1	3	1	1	13
2022		1		1	1				1			3	7
2023	1		1										2
Grand Total	3	2	2	2	4	3	2	2	8	3	3	5	39

- Covid related offences were generally recorded as ASB.

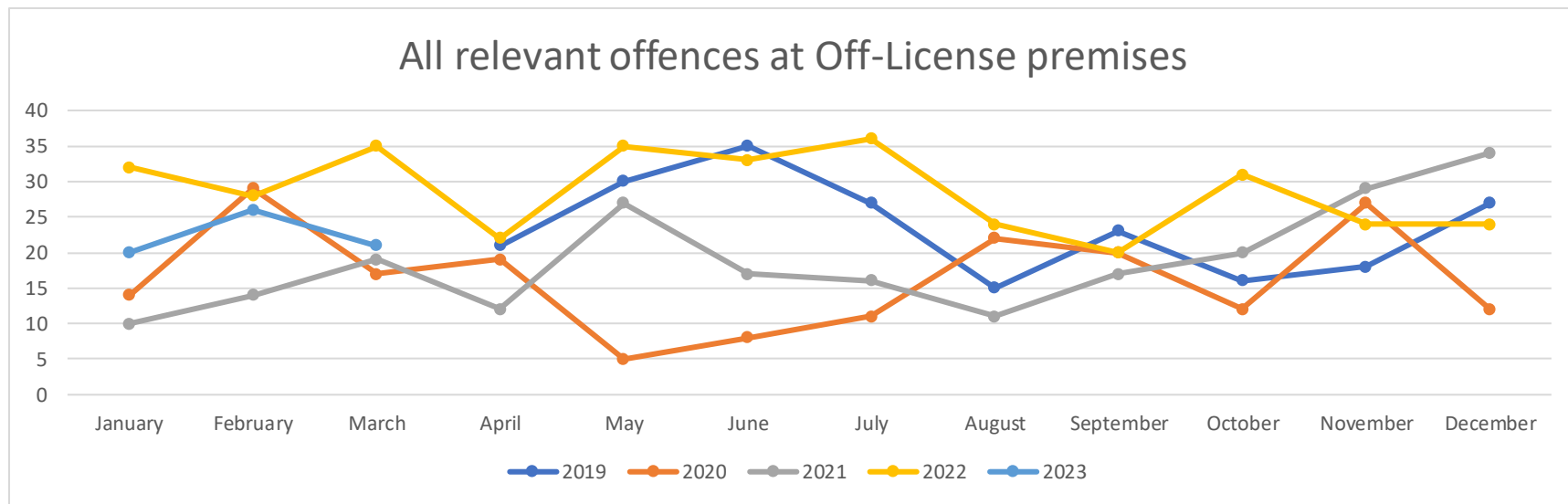
6.3 Off-Licenses

This data relies on the premises names being supplied by the Licensing department of South Wales Police

The below figures relate to all requested offences at 'Off-License' premises within Cardiff city centre between 07:00hrs and 02:00hrs, that have been recorded as Theft, Violence, Drugs, Sexual offences and Public order. The data covers the period of 1st April 2019 and 31st March 2023 and includes a table of incidents relating to Anti-Social Behaviour.

Total relevant offences between 07:00hrs and 02:00hrs

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Grand Total
2019				21	30	35	27	15	23	16	18	27	212
2020	14	29	17	19	5	8	11	22	20	12	27	12	196
2021	10	14	19	12	27	17	16	11	17	20	29	34	226
2022	32	28	35	22	35	33	36	24	20	31	24	24	344
2023	20	26	21										67
Grand Total	76	97	92	74	97	93	90	72	80	79	98	97	1045



Year	07:00 to 07:59	08:00 to 08:59	09:00 to 09:59	10:00 to 10:59	11:00 to 11:59	12:00 to 12:59	13:00 to 13:59	14:00 to 14:59	15:00 to 15:59	16:00 to 16:59	17:00 to 17:59	18:00 to 18:59	19:00 to 19:59	20:00 to 20:59	21:00 to 21:59	22:00 to 22:59	23:00 to 23:59	00:00 to 00:59	01:00 to 01:59	Grand Total
2019	3	9	13	12	13	15	11	12	22	25	12	15	11	11	12	9	1	3	3	212
2020	5	7	5	14	21	17	14	17	12	19	22	13	15	7	1		5	1	1	196
2021	2	7	17	20	21	13	19	19	22	18	14	11	15	5	3	10	2	5	3	226
2022	6	11	16	22	31	32	35	34	33	25	30	15	17	7	10	10	5	2	3	344
2023	1	2	2	2	3	6	13	5	4	3	5	5	2	2	4	4		4		67
Grand Total	17	36	53	70	89	83	92	87	93	90	83	59	60	32	30	33	13	15	10	1045

Off-Licenses	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	Grand Total
SAINSBURY'S QUEEN STREET	27	53	56	67	25	228
MARKS & SPENCER	52	33	46	62	12	205
NEXT	10	25	47	91	7	180
SAINSBURY'S ST MARY STREET	29	28	18	28	2	105
TESCO STORES ST MARY STREET	34	23	20	20	3	100
TESCO METRO CAPITOL ARCADE	28	14	13	28	2	85
SPAR QUEEN STREET	12	14	16	28	4	74
TESCO STORES WOOD STREET	12	4				16
SPAR STATION TERRACE	3		3	5	4	15
TESCO EXPRESS CENTRAL SQUARE	3	2	3	2	3	13
TESCO EXPRESS TREDEGAR STREET			3	8	2	13
THE QUEER EMPORIUM	1		1	2	1	5
SPAR CENTRAL SQUARE	1			2		3
CITY 1 STOP					1	1
M&S SIMPLY FOOD				1		1
SPAR STORES					1	1
Grand Total	212	196	226	344	67	1045

Theft offences between 07:00hrs and 02:00hrs

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Grand Total
2019				20	25	30	21	11	17	12	15	20	171
2020	11	22	14	14	4	5	9	12	11	11	17	10	140
2021	7	11	12	10	20	14	13	9	17	11	23	30	177
2022	24	23	29	18	27	27	25	20	20	22	17	22	274
2023	15	21	15										51
Grand Total	57	77	70	62	76	76	68	52	65	56	72	82	813

- It should be noted that the Theft aspect of this data, in larger stores may not relate to theft of alcohol.

Public Order offences between 07:00hrs and 02:00hrs

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Grand Total
2019				1	3	3	3	1	1	1	1	3	17
2020	2	4	1	1	1	3	2	7	4	1	1	2	29
2021	2	2	4	2	2	1	2			5	1	1	22
2022	4	2	2	1	6	3	4	2		4	5	1	34
2023		1	1										2
Grand Total	8	9	8	5	12	10	11	10	5	11	8	7	104

- It should be noted that generally public order offences are only recorded as a crime when a person is apprehended.

Drugs offences between 07:00hrs and 02:00hrs

Year	February	March	April	August	September	October	November	December	Grand Total
2019					1			1	2
2020	1						2		3
2021		1		1			1		3
2022			1			1			2
Grand Total	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	10

- It should be noted that generally drug related offences are only recorded as a crime when a person is apprehended.

Sexual Offences between 07:00hrs and 02:00hrs

Year	March	April	Grand Total
2022	1	1	2
Grand Total	1	1	2

Violent crime offences between 07:00hrs and 02:00hrs

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Grand Total
2019					2	2	3	3	4	3	2	3	22
2020	1	2	2	4				3	5		7		24
2021	1	1	2		5	2	1	1		4	4	3	24
2022	4	3	3	1	2	3	7	2		4	2	1	32
2023	5	4	5										14
Grand Total	11	10	12	5	9	7	11	9	9	11	15	7	116

Anti-Social Behaviour occurrences between 07:00hrs and 02:00hrs

Year	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Grand Total
2019				5	6	2	8	7	2	6	2	6	44
2020	2	1	7	2	1	4	1	7	3	3	3	2	36
2021	2	2	3	7	3	2	1	4	1	4	1	4	34
2022	3	2	1	2	1		3	5	6	4	2	5	34
2023		2	1										3
Grand Total	7	7	12	16	11	8	13	23	12	17	8	17	151

- Covid related offences were generally recorded as ASB.

6.3 All recorded offences between 2020 and June 2023.

All offences recorded in each sector between 2020 and June 2023.

Sector	2020	2021	2022	2023 to 30/06/2023	Grand Total
City Centre	3457	4432	6002	2784	16675
Cardiff Bay	4111	4180	4586	2468	15345
Cathays	3753	3999	4121	1970	13843
Roath	3560	3637	3563	1882	12642
Fairwater	3241	3406	3444	1957	12048
Canton	3052	2952	3597	1792	11393
Ely	3180	3156	3246	1776	11358
Llanederyn	2508	2821	3168	1443	9940
Llanishen	2411	2216	2494	1254	8375
Rumney	1555	1634	1707	940	5836
St. Mellons	1563	1638	1784	784	5769
Grand Total	32391	34071	37712	19050	123224

List of relevant offence groups over the three-and-a-half-year period.

(Highest volume of offences marked in yellow)

OFFENCE GROUP	Canton	Cardiff Bay	Cathays	City Centre	Ely	Fairwater	Llanederyn	Llanishen	Roath	Rumney	St. Mellons	Grand Total
Stalking and Harassment	1124	1137	1157	478	1936	1790	1274	1030	1337	1039	1034	13336
Public order offences	1380	1655	1391	1438	1519	1497	1142	975	1537	797	835	14166
Violence without injury	1035	1776	1335	2080	1415	1230	984	930	1315	733	627	13460
Criminal damage	1085	1509	1585	859	1448	1463	954	831	1391	735	887	12747
Violence with injury	887	1370	991	1950	1326	1202	810	703	1130	669	581	11619
Shoplifting	1045	1280	1332	3242	856	833	1109	789	1059	329	210	12084
All other theft offences	773	1474	1094	1593	638	973	931	772	893	327	342	9810
Possession of drugs	327	864	466	620	314	323	275	245	357	125	145	4016
Miscellaneous crimes against society	168	176	154	204	225	238	165	122	176	117	143	1888
Other serious sexual offences	114	142	180	459	178	178	98	129	142	60	81	1761
Rape	133	157	174	153	118	120	98	69	126	76	72	1296
Theft from the person	103	176	171	676	39	49	49	34	124	19	25	1465
Possession of weapon offences	86	163	85	136	102	97	70	44	123	41	46	993
Robbery	104	154	114	170	50	44	52	37	107	21	28	881
Other sexual offences	59	63	86	109	65	79	49	55	47	40	48	700
Homicide	1	1	1	4			1				2	10
Grand Total	8424	12097	10316	14171	10229	10116	8061	6765	9864	5128	5106	100232

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Cardiff Street Pastors Patrol Report

Date **22/10/21**

Day: Friday

Start Time: **22:00**

End Time: **03:40**

Senior Street Pastor [REDACTED]

Observer Names: n/a

Street Pastors: [REDACTED]

Nightbase Team: [REDACTED]

Person completing report: [REDACTED] **write up on the night, report submitted** [REDACTED]

ITEMS RECOVERED

Glassware: **12**

Weapons / Drugs / Other (specify)

ASSISTANCE GIVEN

Flip Flops: **1**

Water: **3**

Blankets

Other (sick bowls etc)

Taken to ATC: **2**

Put on Safety Bus: **1**

Observed to safety: **2**

Other Referrals (specify)

Total Number of Male contacts: **2**

Total Number of Female contacts: **3**

ANTI-SOCIAL INCIDENTS

Urinations: 6

Other (specify)

Total number of Police visiting Nightbase during shift: 2

ANY OTHER COMMENTS OR CONCERNS & GENERAL OBSERVATIONS PTO

Before 12 midnight:-

1/ Street Pastor team encountered a young man looking very drunk and wobbly in the doorway of Howells on St Mary Street. He did not want help and did not engage in conversation. The Control Room and security staff from a few venues on St Mary Street had noticed him too. The Safety Bus was informed that this young man might require a lift home and came to pick him up. The police officer driving the Safety Bus attempted to encourage the young man to accept a lift home, but he was not willing. He was observed continuing to walk alone in the direction of the castle.

2/ Street Pastor team were walking towards Cardiff Central Station. A young lady () was observed struggling to maintain her balance while walking and talking on her phone. She accepted a pair of flip flops. She was very drunk and alone. She did not want to engage in a conversation or accept help. Her friends had walked quicker than her to the station to catch the last train to Port Talbot. The Street Pastor Team accompanied to the station because some male youths were hanging around the taxi rank by the station, they were overheard making some suggestive comments in her direction. However she had missed her train. She left the station heading towards city centre. We spoke to again her asking if she required help. told us that she was waiting to be picked up by her brother who was approx. 10 minutes' drive away. She went to the station for a 2 nd time and went onto the platform, however the station was closing. left the station and wandered off towards town again.

3/ While following at a distance the Street Pastor Team noticed a young man () lying on one of the stone benches between the station and St Mary Street, sound asleep. He sat up once he was awoken by one of the Street Pastors. was very drunk and was separated from his friends. He had come to Cardiff for the weekend from Leeds. He had a set of keys in his hand indicating that his accommodation was Spires Apartments, Cathedral Road. accepted a lift back to his accommodation in the Safety Bus. NB fell over and grazed his elbow when he stood up from sitting on the bench.

4/ 12.30am (ish). SPs received a call to attend to a young lady (), visiting Cardiff from Plymouth) @ Pop World who had been knocked over by another person accidentally. She had injured her (L) knee and was wanting to go to A&E in a taxi. Street Pastors assisted into a wheelchair with door staff and friends. She was wheeled to the nearest taxi rank. One of the door staff from Pop World assisted into the taxi. Taxis were only taking cash payments so the taxi ride to A&E was delayed while her friends found a cashpoint.

5/ 1am (ish) 6/ 3am. While attending to SPs were called to Dirty Martini to attend to a young lady () who was very drunk, semi-conscious and being cared for by passers-by who appeared to have medical knowledge. also had a friend and her boyfriend in attendance. was lifted by her friends and door staff into a wheelchair provided by Street Pastors. She was wheeled to ATC. s boyfriend and friend went with her to ATC. was left @ ATC in the care of nursing staff.
6/ 2.45am (ish) Street Pastors received a call to attend to a young woman () outside the Hilton. had no way of getting home. She had no cash on her. The taxis would not permit

Apple Pay from her phone, the app for Uber taxi would not install correctly and she had forgotten her PIN number to draw cash out from cashpoint. Taxis would not take her home even with the promise of there being plenty of cash @ home to pay for the journey because she lived in Caerphilly. Safety Bus covers Cardiff only so was not asked to assist. Street Pastors looked @ the Nat West website for information related to emergency cash payments. However when the process was attempted it wasn't as easy as was expected to obtain the funds needed to get home. walked with Street Pastors to ATC where she was left in their care.

Cardiff Street Pastors Patrol Report

Date 5 Nov 2021

Day Friday

Start Time 10pm

End Time 4am

Senior Street Pastor [REDACTED]

Observer Names: [REDACTED]

Street Pastors [REDACTED]

Nightbase Team: [REDACTED]

Person completing report [REDACTED] (detailed section at bottom)

ITEMS RECOVERED

Glassware 30

Weapons / Drugs / Other (specify)

ASSISTANCE GIVEN

Flip Flops 2

Water 3

Blankets

Other (sick bowls etc) 1

Taken to ATC 1

Put on Safety Bus

Observed to safety

Other Referrals (specify)

Total Number of Male contacts

Total Number of Female contacts

ANTI-SOCIAL INCIDENTS

Urinations 9

Other (specify)

Any Nightbase items in short supply?

Total number of Police visiting Nightbase during shift: 2

ANY OTHER COMMENTS OR CONCERNS & GENERAL OBSERVATIONS PTO,

1/ 12.30am Street Pastors were called to attend to a female who was intoxicated outside Fuel, Womanby Street. [REDACTED] (aged 22) was out with her friend (a rare occurrence because she has 2 children). She asked her friend to ensure that she didn't drink very much because she knew that she was unable to cope with drinking much alcohol from previous experiences. However a group of lads bought her several drinks which she drank. [REDACTED] was found sitting on the floor outside Fuel with her friend looking after her. She had been vomiting and continued to vomit. [REDACTED] was assisted into a wheelchair and taken to ATC accompanied by her friend. [REDACTED] was left in the care of ATC staff.

2/ 1.30am Street Pastor team encountered a group of 3 females sitting on the wall opposite Yates, Greyfriars Road. 1 of the girls was very drunk. Her friends asked for help to assist them to get home safely. 2 options were discussed ie sobering the friend up sufficiently to get a taxi or asking for a lift in the Safety Bus. A volunteer from the Safety Bus came over to talk to girls. It was presumed that they were taken home (Talybont Student Residences) in the Safety Bus which was parked up outside Prism because on returning to this area a short time later following a call via the radio that was cancelled (see below) the girls had disappeared.

3/ 1.40am Street Pastors were called via the radio by the police to attend to a situation in Wood Street. En route the request for Street Pastor help was cancelled. Street Pastors returned to Greyfriars Road.

4/ Approx 2.30am Street Pastor returned again to Greyfriars Road. A group of drunk young men were observed for a while from the wall opposite Prism and Story. One of them, [REDACTED] (from North Wales), was very drunk. It looked as if he was @ risk of getting himself into a fight because he was annoying and bumping into so many other drunk young men also in groups. [REDACTED] friends tried to keep him on his feet and out of trouble, but he continued with these behaviours. Street Pastors spoke with [REDACTED], encouraging him to accept a lift in the Safety Bus back to his accommodation. He would not accept any help at all, insisting that he was waiting for his friends who were still in Prism.

5/ Approx 3am. One of the group of drunk young men who were attempting to look after [REDACTED] said that he wanted to talk to the Street Pastors. He wanted our opinion on whether to be vaccinated was a good idea. He had received 2 doses of the vaccine but was getting bullied in work because he had thought it better to have the vaccine than not to do so. He is a welder working in workshop in a barn on a North Wales farm. He wanted confirmation that he'd done the right thing. He also needed directions finding his way back to the Future Inn.

6/ 3.30am While one of the Street Pastors listened to the doorman @ the Hilton who was expressing his concern about the condition of the skin of a homeless man, a young man was spotted standing on the pavement outside the Hilton with bare feet. He was asked if he wanted flip flops. This young man was a South African rugby player staying @ the Hilton. He was agitated and concerned that he had left his "card" @ Story and wanted to go back to the night club to retrieve it. He asked Street Pastors to accompany him back to Story because we looked like "executives" and staff might be more willing to listen to us if we explained his situation! He went back into the hotel to put on some flip flops and it was recommended that he ask one of his rugby friends to go back to Story with him.

Cardiff Street Pastors Shift Report

Date Friday 18 March 2022

Start Time 10pm

End Time 3.45am

Senior Street Pastor [REDACTED]

Street Pastors [REDACTED]

Observer Names: [REDACTED]

Night Base Team: [REDACTED]

Person completing report [REDACTED]

ITEMS RECOVERED

Glassware 15

Weapons / Drugs / Other (specify)

ASSISTANCE GIVEN

Flip Flops 3

Water 3

Blankets 0

Other (sick bowls etc)

Taken to ATC 4 (see below)

Put on Safety Bus 0

Observed to safety 2

ANTI-SOCIAL INCIDENTS

Public Urinations 1

Other (specify)

Detailed Report

1/ 10.40 pm Street Pastors observed a couple arguing on the pavement in Castle Street. The young man looked very drunk, behaved aggressively towards his female companion and members of the public, occasionally falling over and temporarily unresponsive, occasionally punching shop windows as they walked down Castle Street, very unsteady on his feet. The female accompanying him assisted him to stand when he fell over and persuaded him to walk out of town towards Canton Bridge. Members of the public called the police (observed by Street Pastors). Street Pastors followed the couple to minimise the risk of harm to the female, but also to members of the public and the young man. It was understood from the female that the male was on prescription pain killers for a shoulder injury and he had been out drinking (without her) for most of the afternoon.

The young man drifted frequently into the road. A Street Pastor walked behind him on the road gesturing to traffic approaching from behind to slow down. Soon after, 4, then 6, police officers caught up with the couple on foot just before they walked over Canton Bridge. Police were able to de-escalate the situation quickly. They handcuffed the male (██████████) and spoke kindly to him successfully and calmly despite ██████████ being verbally rude and aggressive when initially approached. Police officers were mindful of the fact that ██████████ had a painful shoulder and restrained him with handcuffs in front instead of behind him. During this time a passer-by with medical training also offered assistance and identified that ██████████ was taking pain relief tablets. ██████████ was assisted into a police vehicle which arrived shortly afterwards. His female companion/partner accompanied him

It was noted by Street Pastors how well the officer in charge (a younger, Asian man) handled the situation, ably supported by his team – taking great care to de-escalate, to identify the likely medical causes of the situation and to seek safe passage home for the couple rather than rushing to arrest and follow a judicial outcome. A great example of British policing at its best, it made me rather proud to observe! I feel this feedback should be passed on to South Wales Police.

2/ 1.45am (ish) Street Pastors were walking past Pryzm when one of the door staff indicated that a young man in the Well Being Room required assistance to be taken to ATC. ██████████ (name given by an acquaintance), from Bristol, was out celebrating his 20th birthday and was very drunk and very unwell. He had been vomiting and was virtually unconscious. ██████████ was put into a wheelchair provided by Pryzm. However, the lift was not working, (apparently Pryzm staff were unaware when calling us) therefore Staff from Pryzm had to carry the wheelchair and ██████████ down a flight of stairs on the outside of the building. This was precarious for many reasons. Many parts of the wheelchair were detachable and could have come out if they were used as handles. Staff were made aware of these concerns by Street Pastors. The staircase outside had a flight of concrete steps.

██████████ was taken to ATC with an acquaintance who hardly knew him (friend of a friend). ██████████ was left in the care of ATC staff.

3/ 2.45am (ish) Street Pastors passed a lady called ██████████ who was assisting 2 other females walking to the taxis on Greyfriars Road from Live Lounge. One of them was following at a distance and lagging behind, apparently keen to continue her evening despite being very drunk. The other was shivering vigorously due to the cold and was keen to head home. The doorman from Live Lounge asked us to help ██████████ obtain a taxi for them. Street Pastors walked with the 3 ladies to the taxi rank. Both ladies were taken by taxi to their accommodation near Motopoint. Then ██████████ got her own taxi home.



Street Pastors Weekly Report Form

Area	<u>Cardiff City Centre</u>	Date on Street	<u>Friday 7th October</u>
Areas	<u>St Mary's St, Mill Lane, Caroline St, Queen St, Greyfriars Road</u>	Time	<u>10pm – 4am</u>
No: of SP working	<input style="width: 80px;" type="text" value="3"/>	No: of Night Base working	<input style="width: 80px;" type="text" value="2"/>
Names of Street Pastors	<div style="background-color: black; height: 20px; width: 100%;"></div>		
Names of Night Base	<div style="background-color: black; height: 20px; width: 100%;"></div>		
Senior Street Pastor:	<u>Jointly led by the 3 Street Pastors on the team</u>		

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	Bottles/Glass Collected	Water Given	Flip Flops Given	Foil Blankets	Public Urination	Knives/Offensive Weapons/Firearms (specify)	Drugs (specify)
Number of:	19	9	5	1	Male – Hilton opp Rev Cuba Female – outside Tesco/John Lewis Male – 2-3 outside Welsh Tabs Male – outside Coral gambling		A lot of ketamine use being reported in cases and by door staff

Briefing Details

Referrals (specify)

(e.g. ATC/drug support/
police/housing /charity/
organisation)

2 to ATC

Put on Safety Bus

1 potential (refused)

Shift Details

Concerns/
Observations

SP – Street Pastor, NB – Night Base, PO – Police Officer, CR – Police CCTV Camera Room, DS – Venue Door Staff, ATC – Alcohol Treatment Centre, MM – Mobile Medic, NM – Night Marshall

00.00

Called by DS via CR to Clwb Ifor Bach for Street Pastors to attend intoxicated male who had collapsed inside the club. When SP arrived, he was sitting outside the club and the DS were looking after him. SP called the student bus and were told it was a 15-20 min wait so SPs decided to wait and gave water. The male told the staff and SPs that he'd had 3 lines of ketamine as well as alcohol. He was recovering with the water so DS recommended SP walk him up and down the road whilst waiting for the student bus which SP did. The student bus arrived 20 mins later and the PO told the male that he was going to be taken to the clinic to get checked out (because of the admitted drug use) before going home. He was not happy with this. PO was kind and persistent but had to urgently attend a call after the 3rd or 4th refusal. The male then joined SP in starting to walk down to the ATC. He then tried to touch one of the female SPs inappropriately, so the male street pastor took over one side of supporting him as he walked. The male, on Queen Street, suddenly got very scared and ran off very quickly and dangerously down the street so SP needed to close the call at approx. 1am

0200

SP followed a male who seemed to be following 2 intoxicated females and sidling up to them. The male was then given the rebuff and seemed to move onto another intoxicated female (below) but a security guard from the Capitol Centre told him to leave her alone.

0205

Witnessed an apparent domestic violence situation on Queen Street by the Capitol Centre with an intoxicated female being attacked by an aggressive (possibly intoxicated) male who first attempted to strangle her (she fell to the footpath) and then throwing her against the shop window from a distance. The security guard from the Capitol Centre (above mentioned) filmed the incident on phone camera. SP called CR for CCTV cameras to be focused on the attack, and SP stood at a distance. The aggressive male noticed that people (SP/Security Guard) were witnessing the attack and then walked off at a pace from the

scene down towards Newport Road. SP went to attend to the intoxicated female but she refused help asking to 'leave me alone' and staggered off walking in the direction of Newport Road. The incident took about 5-7 mins to witness. SP were called back to the location at 0225 to be told that the male had been remanded in custody (the police van had picked him up in the Newport Road direction) and wanted further description on the female which was given. We later heard that the female had also been located and taken to a safe place by police.

0230

SP noticed that the male who was following drunk females was continuing to hang around and reported this via CR to the police. At this time, we spoke with 2 intoxicated young females (Scottish, studying criminology) on Queen Street who said they had taken ketamine and one was throwing up outside Pulse. We persuaded them to walk down to the ATC to get checked out. The call finished at 0255

0315

SP came across a female (in her 40'/50's) who was sitting alone outside the Hilton with a suitcase and a disabled foot. She said she'd just arrived from York to stay in Cardiff to attend to personal business and could not find any vacant hotel rooms that were affordable. We persuaded her to walk with us to the Travelodge (short walk) but they were not allowing a booking at that time of the morning. We also tried Indigo. She was being a bit dismissive and cagey so we sat her down in a light venue on the seats on Queen Street to continue ringing hotels. Call ended approximately 0335



Street Pastors Weekly Report Form

Area	<u>Cardiff City Centre</u>	Date on Street	<u>Friday 16 December 2022</u>
Areas	<u>St Mary's St, Mill Lane, Caroline St, Queen St, Greyfriars Road</u>	Time	<u>10pm – 3.30am</u>
No: of SP working	<input type="text" value="3"/>	No: of Night Base working	<input type="text" value="1"/>
Names of Street Pastors	<u>[REDACTED] (22.00-23.45), [REDACTED] (23.45-3.30)</u>		
Names of Night Base	<u>[REDACTED]</u>		
Senior Street Pastor:	<u>[REDACTED]</u>		

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	Bottles/Glass Collected	Water Given	Flip Flops Given	Foil Blankets	Public Urination	Knives/Offensive Weapons/Firearms (specify)	Drugs (specify)
Number of:	15	2	0	0	2		

Briefing Details

It was noted that the very cold weather and slippery pavements could lead to falls and potentially head and other injuries. Head injury advice flowchart was reviewed. Blankets were located in expectation of very cold casualties. No Police Officers joined us for the briefing.

Referrals (specify)

(e.g. ATC/drug support/police/housing /charity/organisation)

3 to ATC

Put on Safety Bus

Shift Details

SP – Street Pastor, NB – Night Base, PO – Police Officer, CR – Police CCTV Camera Room, DS – Venue Door Staff, ATC – Alcohol Treatment Centre, MM – Mobile Medic, NM – Night Marshall

It was a very cold night with temperatures in the minuses for most of the shift. The pavements had been well gritted and salted so not as slippery as we had anticipated. We discovered that this Friday was expected to be the busiest in the run up to Christmas so cycle medics had been deployed and there seemed to be plenty of POs around. In the event, it did not seem to be particularly busy, and the train strike that day probably had a considerable impact in keeping the numbers down.

SP1: [REDACTED] (until 23.45)

22.36: Called by Cycle Medics to Peppermint to get an intoxicated person to ATC. We called at NB to get a wheelchair, but as we arrived there, we were stood down by the Medics as someone had arrived to take the casualty home.

SP1: [REDACTED] (from 23.45)

23.39: Called by DS to Boom Bar, Brewery Quarter, so help an intoxicated female. We found her slumped in a chair on the street floor level of the BQ being looked after by DS who had ascertained that she had no friends in town and her phone was dead. She had been vomiting, was floppy but conscious and talked to us. She took a lot of persuading to get into the wheelchair and go with us to ATC, but in the end relented. She said she was a student midwife and when we arrived at ATC she started to cry and was clearly distressed at the state she was in. We left ATC at 00.13.

00.22: Called by DS to The Philharmonic to attend intoxicated female. Found her on the floor in their medical area, DS having put her in the recovery position. They had spotted white powder around her nose, and she was very pale, so we assumed she may have taken something more than alcohol. She had a phone but DS had been unable to contact any friends. We checked that she was breathing, and although she did not respond to stimuli, we decided that to get her to ATC as quickly as possible would be the best way ahead. Medics had been called by DS on the radio but had not responded so we assumed they were busy on another call. DS helped us haul her into the wheelchair. On arrival at ATC she vomited, and we noticed a tablet in the vomit. We left ATC at 00.40.

00.45: Came across young female with her sober male friend sitting on a bench outside John Lewis, vomiting. We stopped to give water and tissues and she was very grateful if embarrassed. She said she worked at the club Par 59, and they were very careful to get their customers home safely. Interested in the work of Street Pastors and happy to accept one of our business cards.

1.25: Called by DS to Heidi's to help them with a female (1) who had collapsed on the pavement outside their venue and they had spotted that she was foaming at the mouth. As we were walking down Mill Lane we came across a very distressed female (2) who said that she had had her phone stolen and she wanted to locate her friends. We lent her a mobile phone so she could call them. We were close to Heidi's and released that female (1) on the pavement was one of female (2)'s friends. As we were assessing the situation with female (1), a friend of them both arrived in Mill Lane in a car, guided in by the phone call, ready to take them home. Female (1) suddenly got off the pavement and jumped in the car. For safety, we recorded the reg no of the car: CE70 FLD.

1.35: As we were walking back towards NB we heard a call on the radio for MMs to attend a female outside Mocka Lounge. Decided to double back and see if we could help. Found young female and her male partner who were talking to a DS who was concerned about the female. She was intoxicated, just about able to stand up, but protesting that she was fine and didn't need help. The DS seemed to know her and said she was 18 and a regular drug user, and that she had been to ATC the week before and was adamant that she didn't want to go there this time. Her partner had his car nearby, and we judged that he was sober and able to drive, so we managed to persuade her to sit in the wheelchair and be transported to his car, which was near the John Lewis ramp. We accompanied them and saw them off.

1.50: Heard on the radio a call for MMs to attend an unresponsive female from DS at Boom Bar. Set off there to see if we could help. Found her sitting in a chair on the street level, vomiting. The DS had spotted her and encouraged her to sit and wait for us. We found her responsive, though intoxicated, and resistant to help. She vomited several times and then became more amendable. Finally agreed to get in the wheelchair and be taken to ATC. Left at 2.22.

2.45: Called on the radio by Pryzm to help a female who was in their medical room. We found her and her female friend who seemed to be sober. The story was that she had been pushed over by two males within their premises, had bumped her head and now had no recollection of the incident or anything around it. Pryzm staff were trying to locate the two males and had informed Police. We checked her for any indication that a serious head injury had been suffered and found nothing of concern so decided that she should be checked over at ATC and that it was safe to take her in our wheelchair. She was not particularly happy about this, but consented. However, as soon as we reached Greyfriars road, she jumped out of the wheelchair and she

and her friend ran off down the road towards the Hilton. There were some males waiting outside and ran off with them so we judged that they no longer needed our help!

3.10: Opposite McDonalds Queen Street, came across a male shouting aggressively at a crying female at close range. We stopped and the male directed his complaint against us, which allowed the female to run off in the direction of the Live Lounge. He didn't seem to notice or care that she had run off as he wanted to tell us about an alleged incident of verbal abuse which had occurred in a club. He was calmer when we left him.

3.30: All quiet so we signed off



Street Pastors Weekly Report Form

Area	<u>Cardiff City Centre</u>	Date on Street	<u>Saturday 29th & 30th April 2023</u>
Areas	<u>St Mary's St, Mill Lane, Caroline St, Queen St, Greyfriars Road, central station</u>	Time	<u>22:00 – 04:00</u>
No: of SP working	<input type="text" value="4"/>	No: of Night Base working	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Names of Street Pastors	[REDACTED]		
Names of Night Base	[REDACTED] covered Night Base & street shift		
Senior Street Pastor:	[REDACTED]		

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	Bottles/Glass Collected	Water Given	Flip Flops Given	Foil Blankets	Public Urination	Knives/Offensive Weapons/Firearms (specify)	Drugs (specify)
Number of:	81	4	5	0	7	0	0

Briefing Details

AW briefed team – No Police presence at briefing

Referrals (specify)

(e.g. ATC/drug support/ police/housing /charity/ organisation)

2 to ATC

Put on Safety Bus

0

Shift Details
Concerns/
Observations

SP – Street Pastor, NB – Night Base, PO – Police Officer, CR – Police CCTV Camera Room, DS – Venue Door Staff, ATC – Alcohol Treatment Centre, MM – Mobile Medic, NM – Night Marshall

The City was very busy on arrival and stayed that way all night across the City Centre, maybe the result of a warm day and forthcoming Bank Holiday Monday and the end of the month. No other special events that we were aware of. Two POs called into NB during the shift.

23:30: Call from Boom Bar to collect an intoxicated lone female who likely needed to go to ATC. Returned to NB to collect wheelchair and arrived Boom Bar 23:40 to be advised that Safety Bus had already collected.

Time not noted

Whilst walking through Brewery Quarter were guided to a young male by Boom Bar staff. Being supported by a bin and friend we noted signs of blood on his face as we approached. We tried to offer assistance; however, he was coherent and insistent that he wanted no help from us, and made it very clear we should walk away. He was still in clear sight of Boom Bar DS so we encouraged them to call us should there be a change of heart.

2 Calls heard from Revolution Castle Street for Safety Bus got no response - shortly after

01:55 we had a call from Revolution questioning if we were able / equipped to collect a female to go to ATC. Collected chair and then collected a tearful L who had been very sick. Took L and friend to ATC; dropped both off at **02:27**

03:10: We passed by Pryzm to find a couple sitting on the kerb. J was very intoxicated and throwing up. We collected a wheelchair from Park Plaza and picked up J (unable to stand) with the help of Pryzm staff and wheeled him to ATC accompanied with his girlfriend. Dropped both off at ATC **03:20**

03:25 As we headed back to Park Plaza, we got a call from the Hilton who asked for our help with a lone intoxicated female they had seen passing their premises. After arrival we chatted to staff, and we tried to assist the young moderately intoxicated female. The DS were concerned that there were a couple of lads hanging around her who may have taken advantage of her had she been left to depart alone and had encouraged her to separate from them and sit on the steps of the hotel. The female refused to give her name and was generally fairly angry and kept insisting that she didn't need help. One DS had tried multiple times to book her an Uber but because she lived nearby and the fare was only £5, they kept cancelling. Eventually she tried to

book an Uber herself and it did not cancel. The DS insisted that she wait with them (and us) until the taxi arrived and they could escort her into it. By the time it arrived she was walking quite well and was taken away safely from the two lads who were still hanging around.

We departed Hilton 03:45



Street Pastors Weekly Report Form

Area	<u>Cardiff City Centre</u>	Date on Street	<u>Friday 07th July 2023</u>
Areas	<u>St Mary's St, Mill Lane, Caroline St, Queen St, Greyfriars Road</u>	Time	<u>2200 – 0330</u>
No: of SP working	<input type="text" value="3"/> (+1 Obs)	No: of Night Base working	<input type="text" value="2"/>
Names of Street Pastors	<u>[REDACTED] (Plus Observer [REDACTED])</u>		
Names of Night Base	<u>[REDACTED]</u>		
Senior Street Pastor:	<u>[REDACTED]</u>		

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	Bottles/Glasses Collected	Water Given	Flip Flops Given	Foil Blankets	Public Urination	Knives/Offensive Weapons/Firearms (specify)	Drugs (specify)
Number of:	17	2	2	0	1	0	0

Briefing Details

3 Police Officers attended the briefing. An undercover Police patrol were looking out for vulnerable people, and a concert was on in the Castle.
They let us know that although Pryzm had closed, it would reopen in September.

Referrals (specify)

(e.g. ATC/drug support/

3 to ATC

police/housing
/charity/
organisation)

Put on Safety
Bus

Shift Details

SP – Street Pastor, NB – Night Base, PO – Police Officer, CR – Police CCTV Camera Room, DS – Venue Door Staff, ATC – Alcohol Treatment Centre, MM – Mobile Medic, NM – Night Marshall

Weather: Warm and very muggy

The shift commenced with prayer and the briefing with three police officers. There was an undercover Police team looking out for vulnerable people on the streets. A concert was being held in the Castle, with about 9,000 attendees, but no trouble expected.

22.30: After checking with CR, the patrol commenced. Mill Lane was quite passable as they were not busy, although we picked up glasses and bottles along the way. Walking up St Mary Street, we were met by the hordes coming out of the Castle concert, and everyone in high spirits. Greyfriars was virtually deserted, with Pryzm closed. We carried on to the ATC where they had one customer already. Up Charles Street to Queen Street where we noticed one PU outside Ann Summers/JDSports. In Queen Street we gave out 2 bottles of water

12.35: Just as we returned to NB, we had a request to Brewery Quarter to assist 2 intoxicated females. We took 2 wheelchairs from NB and upon arrival we found the two females on the floor with 2 friends and DS. The friends suspected the drinks had been spiked, as they claimed they were bought drinks by a male but did not see the drinks until they arrived outside. Of the 4 friends two soon felt drunk, even though they had all had the same amount of alcohol. (L and A were the affected women) After transferring them to ATC we returned to NB.

Break: At our break we were joined by three POs and then resumed patrol and picked up glasses and bottles in St Mary Street and Womanby Street. Castle street was quiet with several venues already shut. In Queen Street we commented that even McDonalds didn't have a queue as normal!

2.30 (approx.): Call to attend to an intoxicated female in Brewery Quarter again. We returned to NB to pick up a wheelchair and made our way to the venue. We located a female with her sister and DS. Upon questioning, we discovered that F had had a headache most of the day and had had little to eat, hence her quickly becoming intoxicated. With the assistance of the DS we

managed to get F into the wheelchair and took her to the ATC. We took our leave and started to return the wheelchair to NB. On our way back we came across 2 females bare-footed near the library, so we handed over 2 pairs of flip-flops. One had had her graduation ceremony and her friend was with her celebrating. We chatted to them for a while.

Signed off at **0330**



Street Pastors Weekly Report Form

Area	<u>Cardiff City Centre</u>	Date on Street	<u>Friday 21st July 2023</u>
Areas	<u>St Mary's St, Mill Lane, Caroline St, Queen St, Greyfriars Road</u>	Time	<u>10pm – 2.50am</u>
No: of SP working	<input type="text" value="3"/>	No: of Night Base working	<input type="text" value="0"/>
Names of Street Pastors	<input type="text" value="REDACTED"/>		
Names of Night Base	<input type="text"/>		
Senior Street Pastor:	<input type="text" value="REDACTED"/>		

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	Bottles/Glass Collected	Water Given	Flip Flops Given	Foil Blankets	Public Urination	Knives/Offensive Weapons/Firearms (specify)	Drugs (specify)
Number of:	25	8	5		3		

Briefing Details

2 police officers joined us for briefing, but there were no major situations for us to be aware of. Tom Jones was in concert at the castle

Referrals (specify)

(e.g. ATC/drug support/ police/housing /charity/ organisation)

1 individual to ATC. One Street Pastor (Justine) received a lift home in the Student Bus as they were quiet.

Put on Safety Bus

0 – none directly (2 indirectly)

Shift Details

Concerns/
Observations

Log:

23.45: Came across M, female in 20's somewhat disoriented (difficult to know if Under the Influence) outside St David's Hall who was looking to find friends In Kiwis on St Mary's Street. It was difficult to tell whether or not she was drunk as she was heading in the wrong direction many times when she told us that she worked in town. We got M to Kiwis at 0000

00.45: Met S, male in his 20's projectile vomiting with his friend ■ who was looking after him, outside Five Guys on Caroline Street. He was drunk, ■ said he had drunk 12 Jagermeich drinks . Street pastors came back with a wheelchair and transported him to ATC with ■ supporting him. Call finished at **01.15**.

Observations:

Location of Pus:

Male outside Live Lounge

Male on Caroline Street by Five Guys

Male observed outside Corner House pub at the end of Caroline Street

Overflowing bins on Caroline Street

2310 – 5-6 large bin bags observed outside Greggs opposite Leonardo Hotel.

2315 10 large bin bags by the carousel on Queen Street with seagulls picking the remains

2345 A lot of broken glass strewn along Womanby Street. Kicked to the side.

Cardiff Street Pastors: Stats collected from shifts

2022	Bottles/glasses picked up	Water given	Flip Flops	Foil blanket
Friday 30 Sept				
Sat 1 Oct	52	0	9	0
Friday 7 Oct	19	9	5	1
Friday 14 Oct	32	7	2	1
Friday 21 Oct	28	3	2	1
Friday 28 Oct	33	8	5	1
Friday 4 Nov	47	9	3	0
Sat 5 Nov	47	2	1	1
Friday 18 Nov	30	6	1	0
Friday 25 Nov	25	8	10	0
Friday 2 Dec	45	3	0	0
Sat 3 Dec	31	6	7	0
Friday 9 Dec	29	3	3	0
Friday 16 Dec	15	2	0	0
Friday 23 Dec missing				
2023	Bottles/glasses picked up	Water given	Flip Flops	Foil blanket
Friday 6 Jan 2023	12	2	0	0
Friday 13 Jan 2023	14	1	1	0
Saturday 14 Jan 2023	56	5	4	0
Friday 20 Jan 2023	25	2	1	0
Friday 27 Jan 2023	33	2	1	0
Saturday 28 Jan 2023	8	6	1	0
Friday 3 Feb 2023	14	5	1	0
Friday 10 Feb 2023	8	4	1	0
Saturday 11 Feb 2023	18	5	8	0
Friday 24 Feb 2023	16	5	5	0
Saturday 25 Feb 2023	31	1	4	2
Friday 3 Mar 2023	33	6	0	0
Friday 10 Mar 2023	17	0	0	0
Saturday 11 Mar 2023	13	1	1	1
Friday 17 Mar 2023	11	6	2	0
Friday 24 Mar	15	5	0	0
Saturday 25 Mar 2023	53	2	0	0
Friday 31 Mar 2023	34	2	3	0
Friday 7 April 2023	15	3	8	0
Saturday 8 April 2023	27	7	4	0
Friday 14 April 2023	24	5	0	0
Friday 21 April 2023	16	4	1	1
Saturday 22 April 2023	22	12	0	1
Saturday 29 April 2023	81	4	5	0
Friday 5 May 2023	11	0	5	1
Saturday 6 May 2023	15	3	2	0
Friday 12 May 2023	39	1	1	0
Friday 19 May 2023	59	3	6	0
Saturday 20 May 2023	37	5	6	0
Friday 26 May 2023	22	3	4	0
Saturday 3 June 2023	14	0	10	0
Friday 9 June 2023	37	3	5	0

Saturday 10 June 2023	14	12	9	0
Friday 16 June 2023	52	11	2	1
Saturday 17 June 2023	22	9	10	1
Saturday 24 June 2023	55	10	5	0
Friday 30 June 2023	4	2	6	0
Saturday 1 July 2023	27	2	9	0
Friday 7 July 2023	17	2	2	0
Saturday 8 July 2023	14	5	3	0
Saturday 15 July 2023	30	17	6	1
Friday 21 July 2023	25	8	5	0
Saturday 22 July 2023	38	0	7	2
Saturday 29 July 2023	27	8	10	3
Saturday 5 Aug 2023	31	1	2	0
Friday 11 Aug 2023	7	5	4	0
Saturday 12 Aug 2023	25	3	3	0
Friday 18 Aug 2023	0	4	2	0
Saturday 19 Aug 2023	24	3	5	0

PU	Knives	Drugs	to ATC
2			0
6	ne use being reported		2
4			1
7			1
5			1
4			2
3			2
3			2
1			0
1			1
0			3
2			4
2			3

PU	Knives	Drugs	to ATC
1			0
0			0
3			4
2			4
2			2
2			0
4		2	2
1		1	1
4		0	2
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2			4
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7			2
3			2
3			0
0			0
0			3
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Pollution Control Statistics

The below table shows the number of noise complaints made to the Council's Pollution Team relating to city centre licensed premises.

Street Name	2019	2020	2021	2022
St Mary Street	7	2	8	4
High Street	0	0	0	0
Greyfriars Road	2	0	1	0
Churchill Way	1	0	1	0
Westgate Street	13	7	11	4
Mill Lane	2	0	0	0
Windsor Place	11	1	0	3
Total:	36	10	21	11

Over the past 4 years, the average number of complaints received relating to licensed premises within the city centre 19 complaints each year.

A total of 36 noise complaints relating to licensed premises within the city centre were received in 2019, this figure dropped to 10 complaints in 2020. This was at a time the country was going through a pandemic resulting in a significant restrictions for licensed premises including forced closures.

In 2021 the number of noise complaints received increased to 21 complaints. Although covid restrictions started to ease the latter half of the year the nighttime economy was still not back to full strength.

Noise complaints dropped again in 2022 to 11 complaints.

Throughout the past 4 years St Mary Street, Westgate Street and Windsor Place have received a significantly higher number of complaints than the other streets within the city centre.

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Local Health Board Statistics

During the last review of the cumulative impact policy, statistical data showed that since the introduction of the city centre CIP there had been a reduction in the number of patients reporting to the Emergency Unit (EU) or Alcohol Treatment Centre (ATC) as a result of alcohol related activities. Alcohol related activities include when patients report to the EU or ACT following an alcohol related incident in a public place or where the patient's last drink was captured.

The data showed the total number of patients reporting to these units to be:

151 patients in 2018

162 patients in 2017

226 patients in 2013

226 patients in 2014

Unfortunately for this policy review the same comparable data isn't available largely due to the pandemic. The Alcohol Treatment Centre (ATC) closed after March 2020 and didn't reopen until September 2021, the pandemic also changed the way in which data was recorded and therefore data relating to the ATC in the years 2021/2022 wasn't available at the time of writing this report.

Data relating to the year 2019 is however available and shows a total of 599 patients reporting to the EU and ATC as a result of alcohol related activities within the city centre, this is a significant increase on previous years. Below is a breakdown of the reported incidents.

Year: 2019

Location	Number of incidents ATC	Number of incidents EU:
City Centre	0	35
Alcohol Premises 1 (St Mary Street)	19	1
Alcohol Premises 2 (The Friary)	23	6
Alcohol Premises 3 (St Mary Street)	33	1
Alcohol Premise 4 (Greyfriars Road)	68	23
Queen Street	0	34
Alcohol Premises 5 (Castle Street)	34	11
St Mary Street	0	25
Alcohol Premises 6 (Greyfriars Road)	28	3
Alcohol Premises 7 (Park Place)	38	13
Alcohol Premises 8 (Greyfriars Road)	36	4
Alcohol Premises 9 (Womanby Street)	11	2
Greyfriars Road	2	9
Alcohol Premises 10 (Churchill Way)	9	1
Mill Lane	1	9

Appendix E

Alcohol Premises 11 (St Mary Street)	12	1
Alcohol Premises 12 (St Mary Street)	13	3
Alcohol Premises 13 (St Mary Street)	12	0
Alcohol Premises 14 (St Mary Street)	6	4
Alcohol Premises 15 (Churchill Way)	13	0
Alcohol Premises 16 (Mill Lane)	12	3
Alcohol Premises 17 (St Mary Street)	8	2
Alcohol Premises 18 (Mill Lane)	15	3
Alcohol Premises 19 (St Mary Street)	13	0
Total:	406	207

We are unable to compare the above 2019 data directly with the past 3 years due data not being available however the table below shows the number of attendees to the EU only for the year 2022.

Location:	Number of incidents EU:
City Centre	40
Queen Street	30
St Mary Street	40
Caroline Street	12
Mill Lane	10
Greyfriars Road	13
Castle Street	12
Park Place	15
Total	62

It is evident from the above table that the number of attended to EU as a result of alcohol related activities is down from pre-covid levels however St Mary Street, Queen Street, Mill Lane, Castle Street and Greyfriars Road continue to be the prime last drink location.

Although there is no data pertaining to the ATC after March 2020, the below table shows the attendance records for the Alcohol Treatment Centre from 2019 to 2022.

Alcohol Treatment Centre Attendances

Dates	Number of patients attending
2019	732

January 2020 – 15 March 2023 (ATC closed after this date)	143
18 September 2021 (ACT reopened) – December 2021	163
2022	516

We know from analysing the above data that there would have been a reduction in patients attending the units as a result of alcohol related activities within the city centre. The figure for the overall attendance to the ATC in 2022 is already below the 2019 figure for those alcohol related incidents within the city centre.

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Adran Drwyddedu**
Gorsaf Heddlu Bae Caerdydd,
Stryd James, Bae,
Caerdydd CF10 5EW
Teliffon: 01656 869211
Mewn argyfwng ffioniwch **999**
Fel arall, ffioniwch **101**

**Cardiff & Vale BCU
Licensing Department**
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James Street, Cardiff Bay
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In an emergency always dial **999**
for non-emergencies dial **101**

Chief Inspector Dan Howe

Head of Partnerships, Cardiff and Vale, South Wales Police Night Time Economy Lead

As the police lead for licensing and community safety in Cardiff, and the force lead for the night time economy, I am proud of the capital city's strong international reputation as a cultural centre and leading venue for major events.

This attracts hundreds of thousands of visitors every year from around the world, and makes a major contribution to the Welsh economy and our national life. It is important to recognise that Cardiff is one of the safest cities in the UK, and that the overwhelming majority of people meet and socialise responsibly, supported by the professional approach of partner agencies and the licensed trade.

However, it is still the case that drinking to excess, combined with the unlawful use of controlled drugs can often lead to violence and wider harms. In our role as police, to maintain the capital's safety and security we rely upon statutory powers, shared priorities and joined up working across the community safety partnership.

There is no better example of the success of this approach than the cumulative impact policy, which has consistently contributed to maintaining the character of the city centre with its diverse offering of culture, nightlife, bars and restaurants. This is part of what makes Cardiff unique, with international sporting events, world-famous entertainment, history and the arts all hosted within a compact and vibrant city centre.

The risks associated with excessive alcohol consumption and the impact this has on creating increased pressure on public services are well documented, and it is often the most vulnerable who suffer the greatest harm. To this end, we have worked to identify and address these threats; serious crime, violence against women and girls and the exploitation of young people.

One concerning trend within the city centre is the developing problem associated with daytime street drinking. While many aspects of crime and disorder which affect the city centre can be linked to alcohol consumption, much of this demand is presented over a clearly defined period; principally the weekend night time economy. The partnership approach that has been adopted in Cardiff addresses this through targeted engagement, support and enforcement and benefits from the involvement of security staff, Street Pastors and Taxi Marshals alongside the work of statutory agencies and volunteers.

Street drinking, however, is notable in that its impact is frequently apparent during daytime hours when the city's focus is directed towards its economic, retail and employment function as a national capital. The wider risks that are associated with street drinking creates continuous challenges for Police and our NHS partners in addition to the impact on perceptions of anti-social behaviour which are felt by businesses, visitors and residents.

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Much of Cardiff's temporary accommodation provision operates on an alcohol-free basis, and as such the combination of an appealing and accessible public realm with available off-licence sales contributes to the city centre's attraction as a venue for street drinking with the consequences apparent in incidents of violence and vulnerability.

The antisocial behaviour trends included in the Cardiff & Vale BCU offence statistics report are a reliable indicator of the high volume of demand upon police and partners from daytime street drinking.

Cardiff's has a broad international appeal as a sporting and cultural venue with attractions including stadia, museums, music venues and nightlife. As such we welcome millions of people every year from around the world, and on major event days Cardiff often hosts more than a hundred thousand visitors. To manage this safely and maintain our strong reputation as a destination for tourism, education and commerce, police and partners work to organise and implement measures including road closures, transport and security.

This requires both the establishment of full-time planning teams to manage the annual cycle of events and deployment of extra officers and staff on the ground and in command and control roles. Typically, there are more than forty major event days a year and this number can be even higher when hosting events such as the Champions League Final, Rugby World Cup and the NATO conference. This is why it is important that recognition is given by licensees to the additional licensing requirements that apply on these days.

The cumulative impact policy has been founded upon strong evidence and makes a significant contribution to keeping the capital city safe, by ensuring that the responsible authorities are able to uphold the licensing objectives and deliver the high standards that Cardiff is known for. As such we will continue to give this policy our full support alongside our commitment to ensuring the safety and reassurance of our communities.



Chief Inspector Dan Howe
LL.B (Hons) MSc



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South Wales Police Cardiff City Centre Night-time economy policing overview August 2023

Justin Hardwick - Police Licensing Sergeant 2027

Cardiff is the Capitol City of Wales which has experienced exponential population growth in the last decade. There are currently 369 licensed premises in the City Centre, with 134 of these, or 36.4% are Pubs, Bars or nightclubs, 16 or 4.3% relating to take-away premises, and 34 or 9.2% relating to Supermarkets and Off Licences.

The footfall in the City Centre prior to Covid-19 was over 40 million per year, and during Covid-19 these numbers halved. However, since Covid-19 restrictions were lifted the City Centre footfall numbers are nearing the pre covid-19 levels.

However, it should be noted that the night-time economy (18:00 – 06:00hrs) footfall numbers have recovered quicker following the Covid-19 restrictions, and are now higher at 11.6 million than the pre Covid-19 numbers, which were 11.1 million.

On an average weekend in the City Centre the Night time economy can host between 30,000 to 40,000 people, and these numbers increase to 65,000 to 100,000 when there are Large events in the City Centre at the National Stadium.

Over the past 10 years Cardiff City Centre have hosted numerous internationally recognised events such as : NATO, UEFA Champions League, World Heavyweight Boxing events, ICC International Cricket, Pop Concerts and the prestigious Volvo Ocean race. It is evident the night time economy in Cardiff city centre is thriving due to the facilities that Cardiff as a City has to offer – 5 International sporting venues within a square mile. It is recognised that Cardiff city centre night time economy already attracts up to 40,000 people on weekends and up to 100,000 people on large event days. It is acknowledged that the expansion of the late

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night economy in Cardiff City centre places a significant demand and pressure on the emergency services and in particular, Policing resources.

There are a number of emerging challenges facing Cardiff city centre over the next couple of years. These include the anticipated increase in the profile of Cardiff and the continued use of the Stadiums for international sporting events and concerts. The Night time economy football in 2022 was 11.6 million, which is up from 9.7 million in 2017, and these numbers are expected to continue to raise over the coming years with more development in the area taking place and planned.

Two main offence groups accounted for 80.1% of all recorded crime in the Cardiff city centre in 2019/20, they were Other Thefts and Violence against the person. During this period there were 3,006 incidents of Other thefts and 2,395 incidents of violence against the person. In 2022/23 this percentage decreased to 77.3% for these two offence groups, with other thefts recorded as 2,412 and violence against the person as 2,107.

With regards to the 2,107 incidents recorded for violence against the person during 2022/23, 59.6% or 1256 of these incidents were reported between 18:00hrs and 06:00hrs.

There were 83 different street locations where incidents were reported between 1800hrs and 06:00hrs, with St Mary street, Queen street, Mill lane, Park Place and Caroline street being the locations with the highest numbers of incidents reported. When examining the recorded incidents during the evening / night time period, it was noted that a late night venue with a premise licence until 0400hrs had the highest volume of recorded incidents, mainly relating to violence against the person and theft. Late night refreshment premises on Queen street and St Mary Street, also displayed high volumes of incidents relating to violence against the person, ASB (Anti social behaviour) and concern for safety.

The problems associated between alcohol and crime cannot simply be managed by consideration of premises on an individual basis, as evidence exists from research conducted by **Stewart (200:2)**, which suggests that geographical density is important, where there is an over concentration of outlets then greater problems arise. This was also recognised by **Maguire (2003:54)** who concluded as a result of the research conducted in Cardiff, that concentrated growth of new licensed premises in one small area – St Mary Street, is likely to bring with it an increase in alcohol related disorder.

Temporal analysis of the City centre revealed that the highest volume of incidents are reported on Friday and Saturday evenings, with the peak times being between 18:00 to 19:00hrs, and between 01:00hrs to 03:00hrs.

To manage this night time economy demand in Cardiff city centre, South Wales Police have adopted a policing model called, Cardiff & Vale After Dark – CAVAD. Policing resources from around Cardiff and the Vale are deployed in the City Centre on Wednesday, Friday and Saturday nights to support local officers in meeting the night time economy demand in the City centre. CAVAD duties run from 1800 – 0500hrs, which matches the peak demand of the NTE. The purpose and intention of the Police officers working CAVAD is for the early intervention and engagement with visitors to the City centre, a high visible deterrent to crime, disorder, ASB and public reassurance. The cost of South Wales Police in resourcing CAVAD per year is in excess of £2 million.

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There is no doubt that alcohol fuelled crime is a major issue from a Policing perspective and will continue to be a challenge over the coming years. An institute of Alcohol studies paper of 2015 estimated the total cost to the Police, and ultimately the taxpayer, to be in the region of £8-13 Billion pounds every year.

There have been many relevant research studies which have investigated the relationship between crime, alcohol and the size of the late night economy. Some of this research was undertaken in Cardiff by Professor Sheppard, who developed the now internationally recognised and award winning - 'Cardiff Model'. The problems associated between alcohol and crime cannot simply be managed by consideration of premises on an individual basis, as evidence exists from research conducted by **Stewart (200:02)** which suggests that geographical density is important, where there is an over concentration of outlets then greater problems arise. The Cumulative impact is further complicated by the fact that when large concentrations occur of late night economy premises in a given area they then act as a draw to people who have 'pre-loaded' with alcohol at other locations. This often can then lead to confrontation and violence at locations other than where much of the alcohol was initially consumed, and therefore there is a need to consider the problem on an area basis rather than just as an individual premise basis.

These figures in this report and the '**Cardiff night-time economy update**' report produced by Senior Analyst – Peter King, April 2023, demonstrate the continuing and increasing impact of the high density of licensed premises in Cardiff city centre and the detrimental effect it is having on the licensing objectives. **Cardiff City centre already has the most licensed premises per square metre in the whole of the UK.** The concern from South Wales Police is if the Cumulative impact policy for the City Centre is removed, this will see further licensed premises entering this already highly saturated area, which will most certainly see a further increase in the number of incidents reported to the Police, which will have a further detrimental impact on the licensing objectives.

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